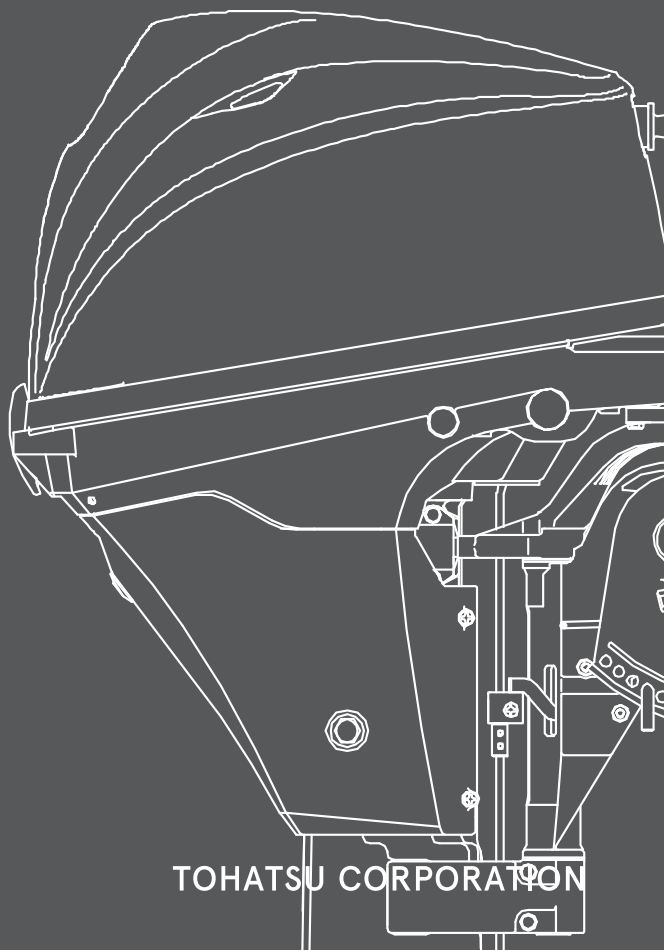


OWNER'S MANUAL



MFS 8B
MFS 9.8B

OB No.003-11114-8BA1



**BACKS
YOU
UP™**

TOHATSU CORPORATION

 WARNING:

This product can expose you to chemicals including gasoline or LPG exhaust emissions, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and carbon monoxide, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

For more information go to www.p65warnings.ca.gov

ENOM00001-0

 **READ THIS MANUAL BEFORE USING THE OUTBOARD MOTOR. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS AND SAFETY PRECAUTIONS IN THIS MANUAL CAN RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH. KEEP THIS MANUAL IN A SAFE LOCATION FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.**

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YOUR TOHATSU OUTBOARD MOTOR

ENOM00006-A

To You, Our Customer

Thank you for selecting a TOHATSU outboard motor. You are now the proud owner of an excellent outboard motor that will service you for many years to come.

This manual should be read in its entirety and the inspection and maintenance procedures described later in this manual should be followed carefully. Should a problem arise with the outboard motor, please follow the troubleshooting procedures listed at the end of this manual. If the problem persists, contact an authorized TOHATSU service shop or dealer.

All information in this manual is based on the latest product information available at the time of approval for printing.

Tohatsu Corporation reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice and without incurring any obligation.

Please always keep this manual together with the outboard motor as a reference to everyone who uses the outboard motor. If the outboard motor is resold, make sure the manual is passed on to the next owner.

We hope you will enjoy your outboard motor and wish you good luck in your boating adventures.

TOHATSU CORPORATION

ENOM00002-0

OWNER REGISTRATION AND IDENTIFICATION

Upon purchasing this product, be sure that the WARRANTY CARD is correctly and completely filled out and mailed to the addressee noted there on. This WARRANTY CARD identifies you as the legal owner of the product and serves as your warranty registration.

TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, YOUR OUTBOARD MOTOR WILL NOT BE COVERED BY THE APPLICABLE LIMITED WARRANTY, IF THIS PROCEDURE IS NOT FOLLOWED.

ENOM00003-0

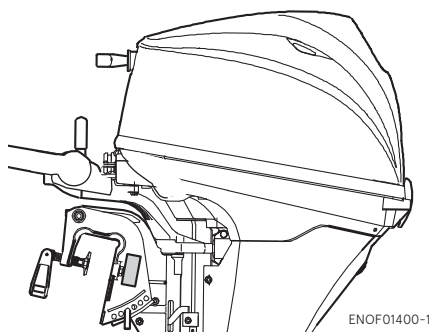
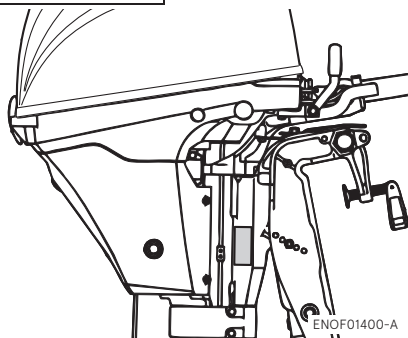
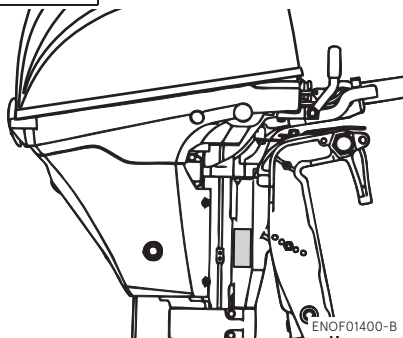
PRE-DELIVERY CHECK

Be sure that the product has been checked by an authorized TOHATSU dealer before you take delivery.

ENOM00005-A

Serial Number

In the space below, please record the outboard motor's serial number (indicated both on the clamp bracket or swivel bracket and on the cylinder block). The serial number will be needed when ordering parts, and when making technical or warranty inquiries.

Serial Number:**MF/EF model****EP/EFT model****EPT model**

Serial Number:

Date of purchase:

ENOM00007-0

NOTICE: DANGER/WARNING/CAUTION/Note

Before installing, operating or otherwise handling your outboard motor, be sure to thoroughly read and understand this Owner's Manual and carefully follow all of the instructions. Of particular importance is information preceded by the words "DANGER," "WARNING," "CAUTION," and "Note." Always pay special attention to such information to ensure safe operation of the outboard motor at all times.

ENOW00001-0

 DANGER

Failure to observe will result in severe personal injury or death, and possibly property damage.

ENOW00002-0

 WARNING

Failure to observe could result in severe personal injury or death, or property damage.

ENOW00003-0

 CAUTION

Failure to observe could result in personal injury or property damage.

ENON00001-0

Note

This instruction provides special information to facilitate the use or maintenance of the outboard motor or to clarify important points.

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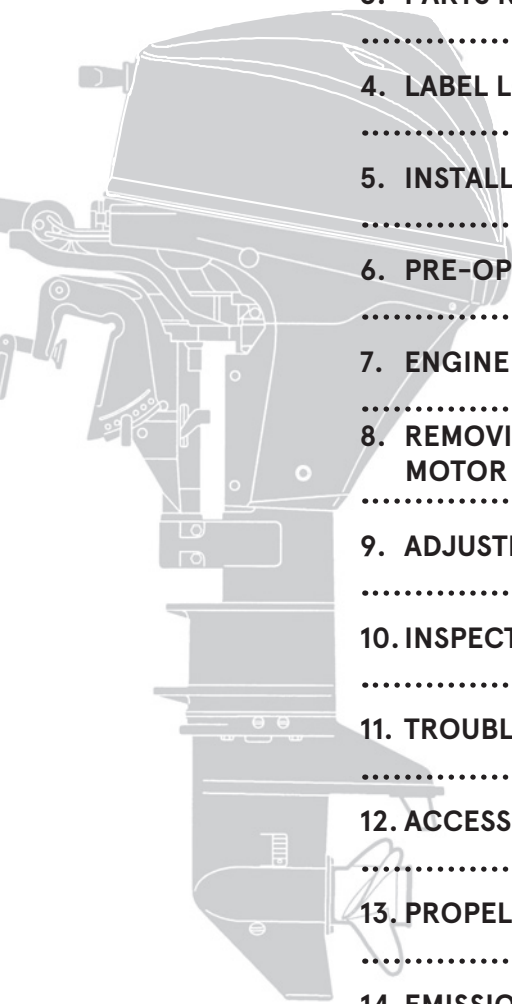
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GENERAL SAFETY INFORMATION

1

ENOM00009-0

SAFE OPERATION OF BOAT

As the operator/driver of the boat, you are responsible for the safety of those aboard and those in other boat around yours, and for following local boating regulations. You should be thoroughly knowledgeable on how to correctly operate the boat, outboard motor, and accessories. To learn about the correct operation and maintenance of the outboard motor, please read through this manual carefully.

It is very difficult for a person standing or floating in the water to take evasive action should he or she see a power boat heading in his/her direction, even at a slow speed. Therefore, when your boat is in the immediate vicinity of people in the water, the outboard motor should be shifted to neutral and shut off.

ENOW00005-0



WARNING

SERIOUS INJURY IS LIKELY IF A PERSON IN THE WATER MAKES CONTACT WITH A MOVING BOAT, GEAR HOUSING, PROPELLER, OR ANY SOLID DEVICE RIGIDLY ATTACHED TO A BOAT OR GEAR HOUSING.

ENOM00247-0

STOP SWITCH LANYARD

The engine can be stopped with pulling out the stop switch lock from the stop switch. The stop switch lanyard is the coiled red cord with the stop switch lock on one end and a metal clip on the other end. With attaching the stop switch lanyard to the operator's body part or operator's personal flotation device (PFD), the engine will stop when the stop switch lanyard is being stretched and pulled out the lock from the switch when the operator falls accidentally overboard or leaves from operator's position. This function can be prevent losing control of and minimize or prevent risk of collision with boats, people and other objects. It is operator's responsibility to use the stop switch lanyard.

ENOW00004-1



WARNING

Accidental activation of the Stop Switch (such as the tether being pulled out in heavy seas) could cause passengers to lose their balance and even fall overboard, or it could result in loss of power in heavy seas, strong currents, or high winds. Loss of control while mooring is another potential hazard.

To minimize accidental activation of the Stop Switch, the 500 mm (20 inch.) stop switch lanyard is coiled and can extended to a full 1300 mm (51 inch.).

ENOM00800-A

PERSONAL FLOTATION DEVICE

As the operator/driver and passenger of the boat, you are responsible to wear a PFD (Personal Flotation Device) while on the boat.

ENOM00010-0

SERVICING, REPLACEMENT PARTS & LUBRICANTS

We recommend that only an authorized service shop perform service or maintenance on this outboard motor. Be sure to use genuine parts, genuine lubricants, or recommended lubricants.

ENOM00011-A

MAINTENANCE

As the owner of this outboard motor, you should be acquainted with correct maintenance procedures following maintenance section of this manual (See page 61). It is the operator's responsibility to perform all safety checks and to ensure that all lubrication and maintenance instructions are complied with for safe operation. Please comply with all instructions concerning lubrication and maintenance. You should take the engine to an authorized dealer or service shop for periodic inspection at the prescribed intervals. Correct periodic maintenance and proper care of this outboard motor will reduce the chance of problems and limit overall operating expenses.

Carbon Monoxide Poisoning Hazard

Exhaust gas contains carbon monoxide, a colorless and odorless gas which can be fatal if inhaled for any length of time.

Never start or operate the engine indoors or in any space which is not well ventilated.

Gasoline

Gasoline and its vapors are very flammable and can be explosive. Use extreme care when handling gasoline. You should be thoroughly knowledgeable on how to correctly handle gasoline by reading this manual.

SPECIFICATIONS

ENOM00810-A
MODEL FEATURE

2

Model		F8B			F9.8B				
Type		MF	EF	EFT	MF	EF	EFT	EP	EPT
Transom heights	S	●			●	●	●	●	●
	L	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
	UL					●	●	●	●
Tiller Handle		●	●	●	●	●	●		
Remote Control								●	●
Power Tilt				●			●		●
Manual tilt		●	●		●	●		●	

ENOM00811-A
MODEL NAME EXAMPLE
F 9.8B EPTL

F	9.8	B	E	P	T	L
Model description	Horse power	Product generation	Starter system	Steering system	Tilt system	Shaft length
F= Four stroke	-	A and up	E= Electrical start M= Manual start	P=Remote control (Pleasure) F=Tiller handle (Fisher)	T= Power trim&tilt G= Gas assist Blank= Manual tilt	S= Short 15 in L= Long 20 in UL= Ultra long 25 in

ENOM00502-0

8B, 9.8B

Item	MODEL	8/9.8B		
		MF	EF	EP
Overall Length	mm (in)	975 (38.4)		590 (23.2)
Overall Width	mm (in)	354 (13.9)		320 (12.6)
Overall Height S-L-UL	mm (in)	1050 (41.3)	1177 (46.3)	1304 (51.3)
Transom Height S-L-UL	mm (in)	435 (17.1)	562 (22.1)	689 (27.1)
Weight*1	S kg (lb)	37.0 (81.5)	40.0 (88.0)	
	L kg (lb)	38.0 (84.0)	41.0 (90.5)	
	UL kg (lb)	39.5 (87.0)	42.5 (93.5)	
Output	kW (ps)	8B : 5.9 (8)/9.8B : 7.2 (9.8)		
Max. Operating Range	min ⁻¹ (rpm)	5000-6000		
Idle Speed in Forward Gear	min ⁻¹ (rpm)	900		
Idle Speed in Neutral Gear	min ⁻¹ (rpm)	950		
Engine Type		4-Stroke		
Number of Cylinder		2		
Bore × Stroke	mm (in)	55 × 44 (2.17 × 1.73)		
Piston Displacement	cm ³ (Cu in)	209 (12.8)		
Exhaust System		Through hub exhaust		
Cooling System		Water cooling		
Lubrication System		Trochoid pump		
Starting System		Manual	Electric starter motor*2	
Ignition System		Flywheel Magneto C.D. ignition		
Spark Plug		NGK DCPR6E		
Trim Position		6	3	
Engine Oil	mL (fl.oz.)	API SH, SJ or SL, SAE 10W-30/40, Approx. 800 (27)		
Gear Oil	mL (fl.oz.)	Genuine Gear Oil or API GL5, SAE #80-90, Approx. 320 (10.8)		
Fuel		Unleaded Regular Gasoline : R+M/2: 87 or higher RON: 91 or higher		
Fuel Tank Capacity	L (US gal)	12 (3.17)		
Gear Reduction Ratio		2.08 (13 : 27)		
Emission Control System		EM (Engine modification)		
Operator Sound Pressure (ICOMIA 39/94) dB (A)		81.5		
Hand Vibration Level (ICOMIA 38/94) m/s ²		2.2		—

Remark: Specifications subject to change without notice.

*1 With propeller, with battery cable.

*2 With Manual Start

Tohatsu outboard is power rated in accordance with ISO8665 (propeller shaft output).

ENOM00503-0

8B, 9.8B

2

Item	MODEL	8/9.8B		
		EFT		EPT
Overall Length	mm (in)	975 (38.4)		590 (23.2)
Overall Width	mm (in)	354 (13.9)		320 (12.6)
Overall Height S-L-UL	mm (in)	1050 (41.3)	1177 (46.3)	1304 (51.3)
Transom Height S-L-UL	mm (in)	435 (17.1)	562 (22.1)	689 (27.1)
Weight*1	S kg (lb)	46.5 (102.5)		46.0 (101.4)
	L kg (lb)	47.5 (104.7)		47.0 (103.6)
	UL kg (lb)	49.0 (108)		48.5 (106.9)
Output	kW (ps)	8B : 5.9 (8)/9.8B : 7.2 (9.8)		
Max. Operating Range	min ⁻¹ (rpm)	5000-6000		
Idle Speed in Forward Gear	min ⁻¹ (rpm)	900		
Idle Speed in Neutral Gear	min ⁻¹ (rpm)	950		
Engine Type		4-Stroke		
Number of Cylinder		2		
Bore × Stroke	mm (in)	55 × 44 (2.17 × 1.73)		
Piston Displacement	cm ³ (Cu in)	209 (12.8)		
Exhaust System		Through hub exhaust		
Cooling System		Water cooling		
Lubrication System		Trochoid pump		
Starting System		Electric starter motor*2		
Ignition System		Flywheel Magneto C.D. ignition		
Spark Plug		NGK DCPR6E		
Trim Position		5		
Engine Oil	mL (fl.oz.)	API SH, SJ or SL, SAE 10W-30/40, Approx. 800 (27)		
Gear Oil	mL (fl.oz.)	Genuine Gear Oil or API GL5, SAE #80-90, Approx. 320 (10.8)		
Fuel		Unleaded Regular Gasoline : R+M/2: 87 or higher RON: 91 or higher		
Fuel Tank Capacity	L (US gal)	12 (3.17)		
Gear Reduction Ratio		2.08 (13 : 27)		
Emission Control System		EM (Engine modification)		
Operator Sound Pressure (ICOMIA 39/94) dB (A)		81.5		
Hand Vibration Level (ICOMIA 38/94) m/s ²		2.2	—	

Remark: Specifications subject to change without notice.

*1 With propeller, with battery cable.

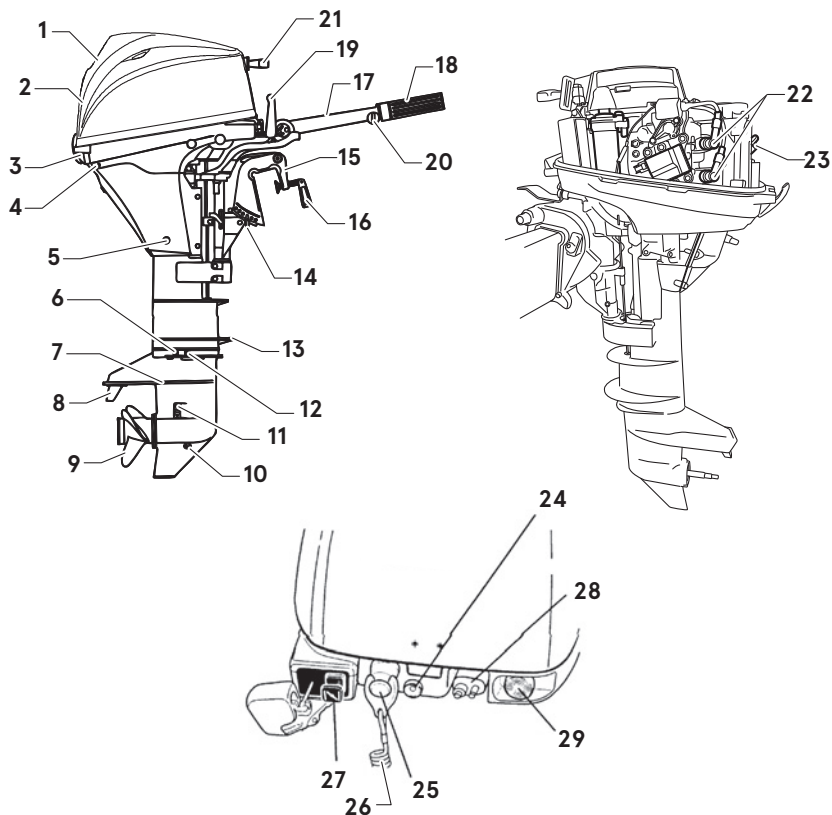
*2 With Manual Start

Tohatsu outboard is power rated in accordance with ISO8665 (propeller shaft output).

PARTS NAME

ENOM00820-0

MF, EF, EP



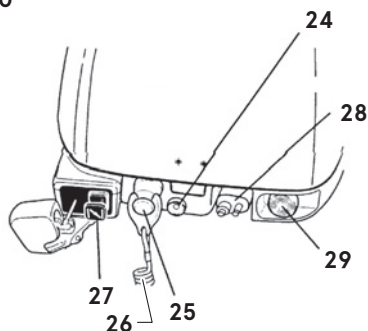
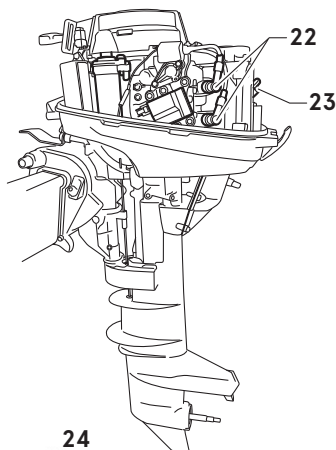
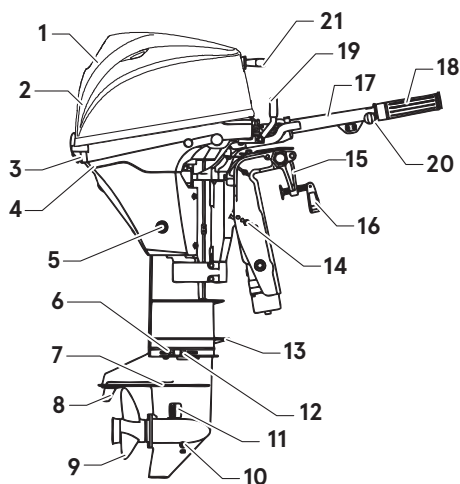
ENOF01402-1

- | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1 Tilt Handle | 13 Splash Plate | 25 Stop Switch *1 |
| 2 Top Cowl | 14 Thrust Rod | 26 Stop Switch Lanyard |
| 3 Bottom Cowl | 15 Clamp Bracket | 27 Choke Knob |
| 4 Cooling Water Check Port | 16 Clamp Screw | 28 Fuel Connector |
| 5 Oil Drain Plug | 17 Tiller Handle *1 | 29 Starter Switch *2 |
| 6 Water Plug | 18 Throttle Grip *1 | *1: Tiller handle type only |
| 7 Anti-ventilation Plate | 19 Shift Lever *1 | *2: Electric starter type only |
| 8 Trim Tab | 20 Throttle Adjust Screw | |
| 9 Propeller | 21 Recoil Starter Handle | |
| 10 Oil Plug (Lower) | 22 Spark Plug | |
| 11 Cooling Water Inlet | 23 Oil Filler Cap | |
| 12 Oil Plug (Upper) | 24 Warning Lamp | |

ENOM00020-0

EFT, EPT

3

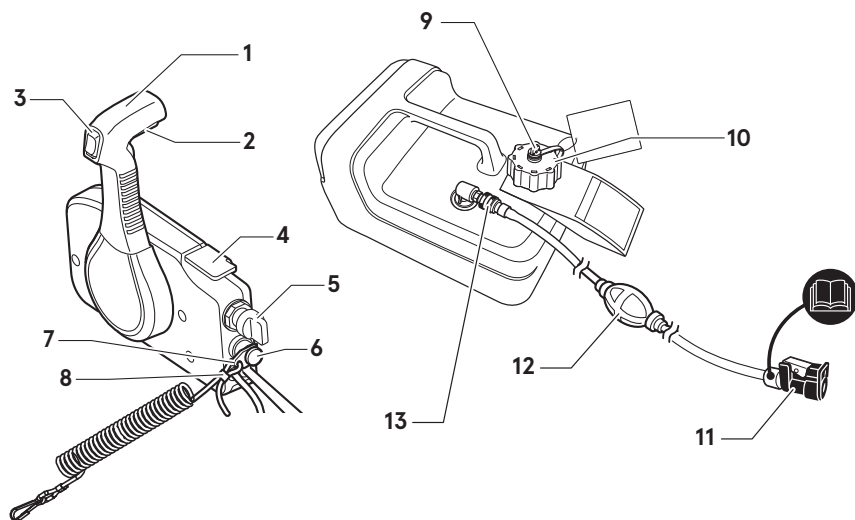


ENOF01403-1

- | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1 Tilt Handle | 13 Splash Plate | 25 Stop Switch *1 |
| 2 Top Cowl | 14 Trim Lock Pin | 26 Stop Switch Lanyard |
| 3 Bottom Cowl | 15 Clamp Bracket | 27 Choke Knob |
| 4 Cooling Water Check Port | 16 Clamp Screw | 28 Fuel Connector |
| 5 Oil Drain Plug | 17 Tiller Handle *1 | 29 Starter Switch |
| 6 Water Plug | 18 Throttle Grip *1 | *1: Tiller handle type only |
| 7 Anti-ventilation Plate | 19 Shift Lever *1 | |
| 8 Trim Tab | 20 Throttle Adjust Screw | |
| 9 Propeller | 21 Recoil Starter Handle | |
| 10 Oil Plug (Lower) | 22 Spark Plug | |
| 11 Cooling Water Inlet | 23 Oil Filler Cap | |
| 12 Oil Plug (Upper) | 24 Warning Lamp | |

ENOM00822-0

Remote control box & Fuel tank



- | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 Control Lever | 9 Air vent screw |
| 2 Neutral lock arm | 10 Fuel tank cap |
| 3 PT switch | 11 Fuel connector (Engine side) |
| 4 Free throttle lever | 12 Primer bulb |
| 5 Main switch | 13 Fuel connector (Fuel tank side) |
| 6 Stop switch | |
| 7 Stop switch lock | |
| 8 Stop switch lanyard | |

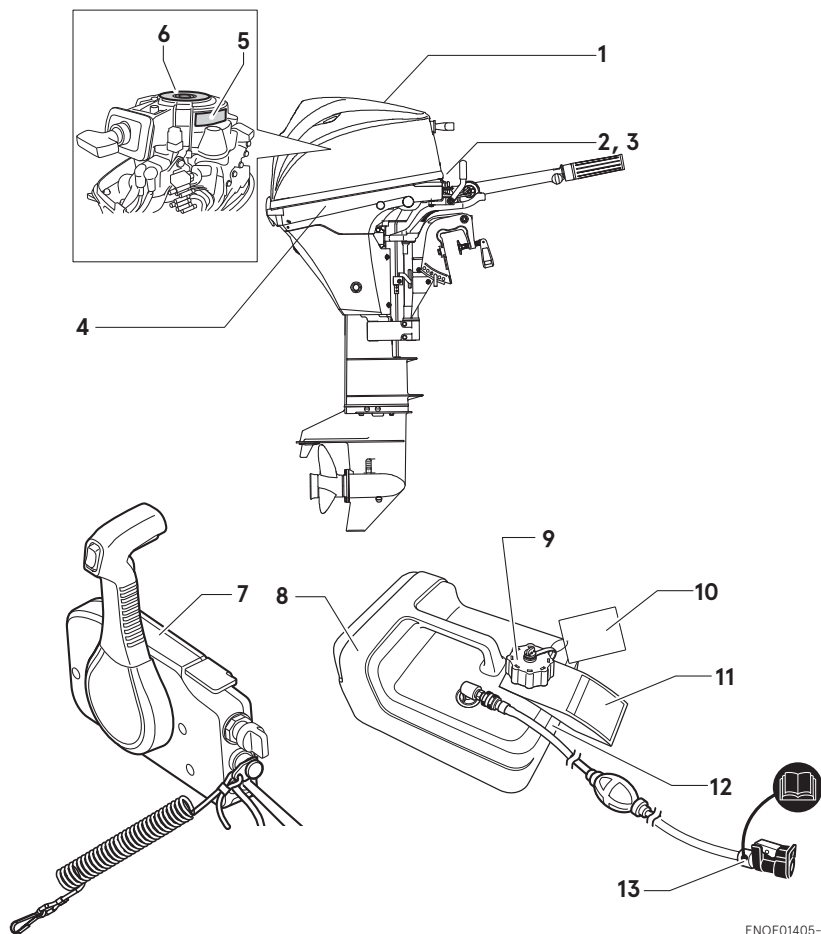
ENOF01404-A2

LABEL LOCATIONS

ENOM00019-A

Warning label locations

4



ENOF01405-B3

- 1, 6-4. Read owner's manual.



3WL-72180-0

2. Oil pressure lamp (See page 32).



ENOF00131-0

3. Engine stop switch (See page 36, 38, 45, 46).



ENOF00131-B

4. When laying down the outboard motor, be sure this decal is facing up.



3HG-67572-1

5. Warning regarding emergency starting (See page 39).



3UR-72187-0

- 6-1. Hot surface.

- 6-2. Hazard caused by rotating parts.

- 6-3. Electrical shock hazard.



3NV-72181-100

7. Engine stop switch warning.



ENOF00008-1

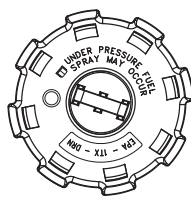
8. Warning regarding gasoline (See page 28).



REMOVE FROM BOAT
FOR FILLING

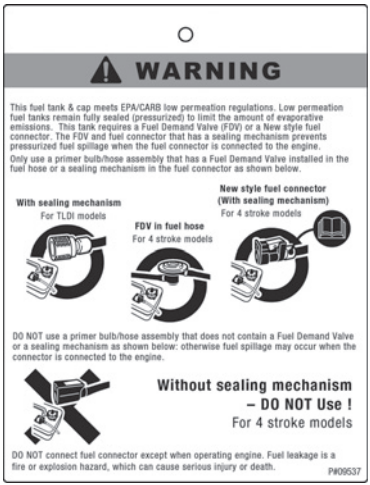
ENOF00005-S

9. Warning regarding fuel tank cap (See page 28).



ENOF00012-0

10. Warning tag regarding combination of fuel tank and primer bulb ass'y (See page 34).



ENOF00005-T

11. Warning tag regarding instructions of the fuel tank cap (See page 28).



ENOF00011-0

12. Warning regarding gasoline (See page 28).



ENOF00005-L

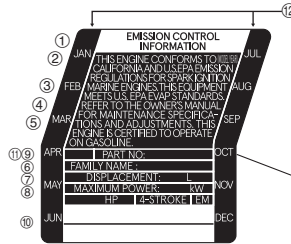
13. Warning regarding of fuel connector (See page 28).



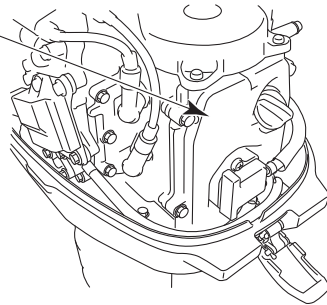
ENOF00005-J

ENOM00019-A

ECI (Emission Control Information) label locations



- ① EMISSION CONTROL INFORMATION
- ② THIS ENGINE CONFORMS TO (MODEL YEAR) CALIFORNIA AND U.S. EPA EMISSION REGULATIONS FOR SPARK IGNITION MARINE ENGINES.
- ③ THIS EQUIPMENT MEETS U.S. EPA EVAP STANDARD.
- ④ REFER TO THE OWNER'S MANUAL FOR MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS AND ADJUSTMENTS.
- ⑤ THIS ENGINE IS CERTIFIED TO OPERATE ON GASOLINE
- ⑥ FAMILY NAME
- ⑦ DISPLACEMENT
- ⑧ MAXIMUM POWER
- ⑨ PART No.
- ⑩ TRADE MARK AND NAME OF MANUFACTURER
- ⑪ MODEL YEAR
- ⑫ PRODUCTION MONTH



ENOF01408-A1

EPA Emissions Regulations

Outboards sold by Tohatsu America Corporation in the United States are certified to the United States Environmental Protection Agency as conforming to the requirements of the regulations for the control of air pollution from new outboard engines. This certification is contingent on certain adjustments being set to factory standards. For this reason, the factory procedure for servicing the product must be strictly followed and, wherever practicable, returned to the original intent of the design.

Maintenance, replacement, or repair of the emission control devices and systems may be performed by any marine engine repair establishment or individual.

The Emission Control Information label was affixed to engines as permanent evidence of EPA certification.

Emissions Warranty Coverage WARRANTY INFORMATION

Four Stroke Outboard Limited Warranty
Canadian and California residents who have purchased an outboard motor from a Canadian and California dealer receive additional warranty coverage for specific emissions related components. To fully understand your warranty coverage please read our standard warranty statement and the Emission Warranty Statement provided by your dealer.

INSTALLATION

ENOM00024-B

1. Mounting the outboard motor on boat

ENOW00006-0

WARNING

Most boats are rated and certified in terms of their maximum allowable horsepower, as shown on the boat's certification plate. Do not equip your boat with an outboard motor that exceeds this limit. If in doubt, contact your dealer.

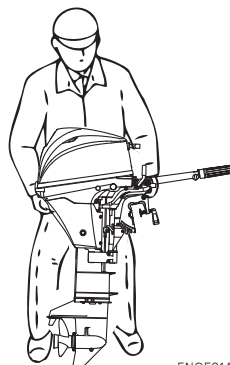
Do not operate the outboard motor until it has been securely mounted on the boat in accordance with the instructions below.

ENOW00009-1A

WARNING

- Mounting the outboard motor without following this manual can lead to unsafe conditions such as poor maneuverability, lack of control or fire.
- Loose clamp screws and/or mounting bolts can lead to the release or displacement of the outboard motor, possibly resulting in lost of control and/or serious personal injury. Be sure that fasteners are tightened to the specified torque (30 N·m (3.0 kgf·m) 13 ft·lb). Check the fasteners for tightness from time to time.
- Be sure to use outboard mounting fasteners included in the outboard motor package or their equivalents in terms of size, material, quality and strength.

Keep the outboard motor in a vertical position when mounting.

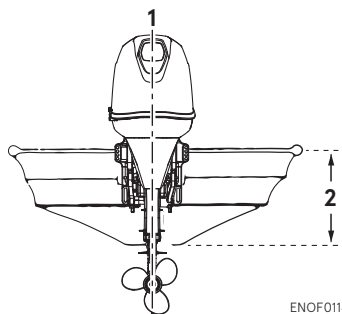


ENOF01407-1

ENOM00025-0

Position ... Above keel line

Place the outboard motor in the center of the boat's transom.



ENOF01141-0

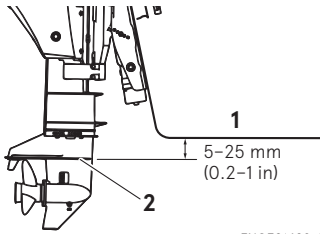
1. Center of boat
2. Boat transom

ENOM00026-0

Transom matching

Be sure that the anti ventilation plate of the outboard motor is 5–25 mm (0.2–1 in) below the bottom of hull.

If the above condition cannot be met due to the shape of the bottom of your boat, please consult your authorized dealer.



ENOF01408-1

1. Bottom of hull
2. Anti ventilation plate

ENOW00007-0

CAUTION

- Before beginning the running test, check that the boat with maximum capacity loading floats on the water in a proper attitude. Check the position of water surface on the driveshaft housing. If the water surface is near the bottom cowling, in high waves, water may enter the engine cylinders.
- Incorrect outboard motor mounting height or existence of underwater object(s), such as hull bottom design, bottom surface conditions or underwater accessories, can cause water spray possibly reaching the engine through an opening of the bottom cowling during cruising. Exposing the engine to such conditions for extended periods can lead to severe engine damage.

ENOM00830-A

Mounting the outboard motor

MF/EF/EP/EFT type

1. Set the outboard motor to appropriate position.
2. Tighten the clamp screws by turning their handles.
3. Secure the clamp brackets to the transom board using bolts, flat washers and nylon locking nuts.

4. Secure the outboard motor to the boat with a rope to prevent accidental loss of the outboard motor overboard.

ENON00930-0

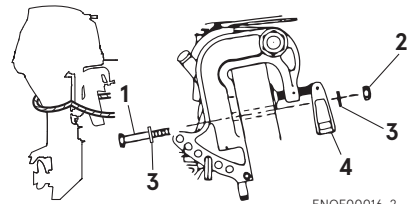
Note

Do not use tools to tighten clamp screws. Over tightening could result in damage to the clamp screws and clamp brackets.

ENON00931-0

Note

- Mounting hardware is included in the standard accessories for certain engine type only. Please refer section 12 "ACCESSORIES KIT".
- A rope is not included in the standard accessories.



ENOF00016-2

1. Bolt (8 × 85)
2. Nylon locking nut
3. Washer
4. Clamp screw

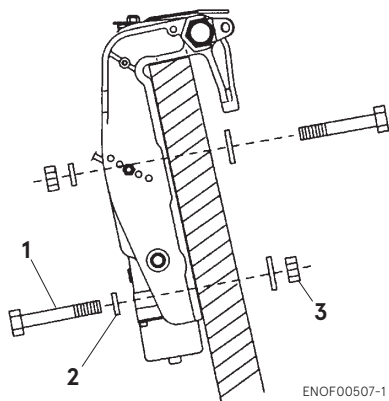
ENOW00945-0

CAUTION

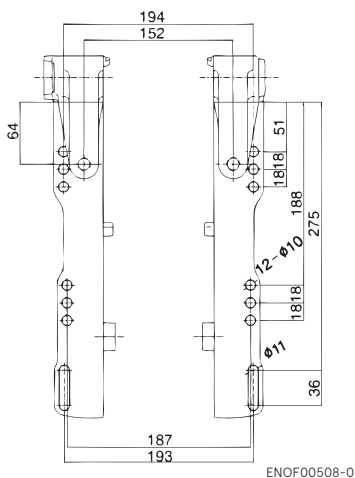
- Please inspect whether there is a loosening of the clamp screw or mounting bolts before departure.
- Loosening may cause a dangerous situation, such as loss of control.

EPT type

1. Set the outboard motor to appropriate position.
2. Secure the clamp brackets to the transom board using bolts, flat washers and nylon locking nuts.



1. Bolt (8 × 85)
2. Washer
3. Nylon locking nut



ENOW00008-A

CAUTION

- Upper mounting bolts should be installed with the bolt head at inside surface of the transom. Mounting bolts installed with the threaded end at the inside surface of the transom can cause personal injury.

- Tighten the bolts sufficiently, otherwise falling down of outboard could be happened.

ENON00003-2A

Notes

1. Apply sealing agent, such as silicone sealed between the bolts and the transom board holes before tightening the bolts.
 2. For EP / EFT type, drill the holes in transom board only at left and right of lower side of clamp bracket, and attach outboard motor with supplied bolts.
For EPT type, drill the holes in transom board at 4 points up and down, right and left, and attach outboard motor with supplied bolts.
- Do not reuse nylon locking nut.

ENOM00029-A

2. Battery installation

ENOW00012-0

⚠ WARNING

Battery electrolyte contains sulfuric acid and thus is hazardous, causing a burn if it comes in contact with your skin, or poisonous if swallowed.

Keep battery and electrolyte away from reach of children

When handling the battery, be sure to:

- Read all warnings shown on the battery case
 - Prevent electrolyte from coming in contact with any part of your body. Contact can cause serious burn or, if it comes in contact with your eye, loss of sight. Use safety glasses and rubber gloves.
- In case battery electrolyte comes in contact with:
- Skin, flush thoroughly with water.
 - Eye, flush thoroughly with water, and then seek immediate medical treatment.

In case battery electrolyte is swallowed:

- Seek immediate medical treatment.

ENOW00013-A

! WARNING

Battery generates explosive hydrogen gas. Be sure to:

- Charge the battery in a well-ventilated place.
- Place the battery away from any source of fire, sparks and open flames such as burners or welding equipment.
- Do not smoke near the battery when the battery is charging.
- Do not charge the battery when the electrolyte level is low. Otherwise, the battery will be damaged and may cause malfunction.

ENOW00014-0

! CAUTION

- Make sure that the battery leads do not get stuck between the outboard motor and boat when turning, etc.
- The starter motor may fail to operate if the leads are incorrectly connected.
- Be sure to correctly connect the (+) and (-) leads. If not, the charging system will be damaged.
- Do not disconnect the battery leads from battery while the engine is operating, the electrical parts could be damaged.
- Always use a fully charged battery.

ENOW00015-0

! CAUTION

Do not use a battery that is not recommended. Use of a battery not recommended can lead to poor performance of, and/or damage to, the electrical system.

ENON00006-D

Note

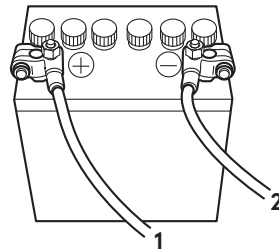
Minimum battery requirements: 12v 40Ah/20HR, 330 Cold Cranking Amps (CCA).

Larger capacity battery is required when it is using freezing condition.

Recommend connecting only the engine battery cables to the starting battery. Specifications and features of batteries vary among the manufacturers. Consult the manufacturer for details.

* The battery should be purchased separately and is not supplied with the outboard motor.

1. Place the battery box in a convenient position away from possible water spray. Securely fasten both the box and the battery so they do not shake loose.
2. Connect the positive lead (+) to the positive terminal (+) of the battery, and then connect the negative lead (-). When disconnecting the battery always remove the negative lead (-) first. After connecting the positive terminal (+), securely place a cap on it to prevent short circuits.



ENOF00022-1

1. Battery cord (red)
2. Battery cord (black)

ENOM00971-A

3. Altitude adjustment kit installation

When engine operates at high altitude (over 1000m/3280ft) engine may need to have a high altitude kit installed. Otherwise, operating the engine at high altitude may increase its emissions and decrease fuel efficiency and performance. Contact authorized Tohatsu dealer for more detail.

PRE-OPERATING PREPARATIONS

ENOM00030-A

1. Fuel handling

ENOW000017-0



Use of improper gasoline can damage your engine. Engine damage resulting from the use of improper gasoline is considered misuse of the engine, and damage caused thereby will not be covered under the limited warranty.

ENOM00031-A

FUEL RATING

TOHATSU engines will operate satisfactorily when using a major brand of unleaded gasoline meeting the following specifications:

USA and Canada — having a posted pump Octane Rating of 87 (R+M)/2 minimum. Premium gasoline (92 [R+M]/2 Octane) is also acceptable. Do not use leaded gasoline.

Outside USA and Canada — Use unleaded gasoline with declared octane rating of 91 RON or over. Use of premium gasoline of 98 RON is also allowed.

ENOM00032-A

GASOLINES CONTAINING ALCOHOL

The fuel system components on your TOHATSU engine will withstand up to 10% ethyl alcohol (hereinafter referred to as the "ethanol"), content in the gasoline. But even if the gasoline in your area contains ethanol less than 10%, you should be aware of certain adverse effects that can occur. Increasing the percentage of ethanol in the fuel can also worsen these

adverse effects. Some of these adverse effects are caused because the ethanol in the gasoline can absorb moisture from the air, resulting in a separation of the water/ethanol from the gasoline in the fuel tank.

These may cause increased:

- Corrosion of metal parts
- Deterioration of rubber or plastic parts
- Fuel permeation through rubber fuel lines
- Starting and operating difficulties

If the use of gasoline containing alcohol is inevitable, or presence of alcohol is suspected in the gasoline, it is recommended to add a filter that has water separating capability, and check the fuel system for leaks and mechanical parts for corrosion and abnormal wear more frequently.

And, in case any of such abnormality is found, discontinue the use of such gasoline and contact our dealer immediately. If the outboard motor will only be used infrequently, please see the remarks on fuel deterioration in the STORAGE chapter (P 78) for additional information.

ENOW00020-1



When operating a TOHATSU engine on gasoline containing alcohol, storage of gasoline in the fuel tank for long periods should be avoided. Long periods of storage, create unique problems. In cars, alcohol blend fuels normally are consumed before they can absorb enough moisture to cause trouble, but boats often sit idle long enough for phase separation to take place. In addition, internal corrosion may take place during

storage if alcohol has washed protective oil films from internal components.

ENOW00018-0

WARNING

Fuel leakage can cause fire or explosion, potentially leading to severe injury or loss of life. Every fuel system part should be checked periodically, and especially after long term storage, for fuel leak, change of hardness of rubber, expansion and/or corrosion of metals. In case any indication of fuel leakage or degradation of fuel part is found, replace relevant part immediately before continuing operation.

ENOM00043-B

6

2. Fuel filling

ENOW00019-1

WARNING

Do not fill the fuel tank over capacity. The rise of gasoline temperature may cause gasoline to expand which, may leak through air vent screw when it is open. Leaking gasoline is a dangerous fire hazard.

ENOW00028-A

WARNING

Consult an authorized dealer for details on handling gasoline, if necessary.

Gasoline and its vapors are very flammable and can be explosive.

When carrying a fuel tank containing gasoline:

- Close the fuel tank cap and air vent screw of fuel tank cap, or gasoline vapor will be emitted through the air vent screw, creating a fire hazard.
- Do not smoke.

When or before refueling:

- Be sure to remove the static electricity charged in your body before refueling.
- The sparks due to static electricity may cause explosion of flammable gasoline.
- Stop the engine, and do not start the engine during refueling.
- Do not smoke.
- Be careful not to overfill fuel tank. Wipe up any spilled gasoline immediately.

When or before cleaning the gasoline tank:

- Dismount fuel tank from the boat.
- Place the fuel tank away from every source of ignition, such as sparks or open flames.
- Do the work outdoors or in a well ventilated area.
- Wipe off gasoline well immediately if spilled.

After cleaning gasoline tank:

- Wipe off gasoline well immediately if spilled.
- If the fuel tank is disassembled for cleaning, reassemble carefully. Imperfect assembly may cause a fuel leak, possibly leading to fire or explosion.
- Dispose aged or contaminated gasoline in accordance with local regulations.

ENOW00029-A

WARNING

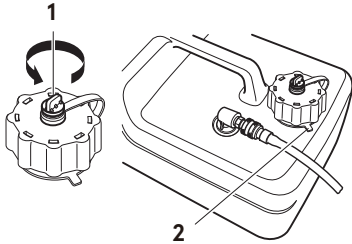
When opening fuel tank cap, be sure to follow the procedure described below. Fuel could blast out through the fuel tank cap in case the cap is loosened by using another procedure when internal pressure of fuel tank is raised by heat from sources such as sun light.

ENOW0946-0

CAUTION

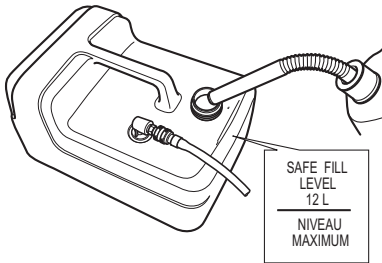
Separate tank must be fixed at appropriate position so that well ventilated and tank does not move or fall down while operating.

1. Full open the air vent screw on the fuel tank cap and release internal pressure.



ENOF00421-1

1. Air vent screw
2. Fuel tank cap
2. Loosen the tank cap until it contacts the tab lock and release internal pressure completely. After that, press down the tab lock and open the tank cap.
3. Fill the fuel carefully not to over flow.



ENOF00419-B

4. After filling the tank, close the fuel tank cap until two clicks sound is heard.

ENOM00037-D

3. Engine oil filling

ENOW00022-1

⚠ CAUTION

The engine oil is drained for shipping from the factory. Be sure to fill the engine to the proper level before starting engine.

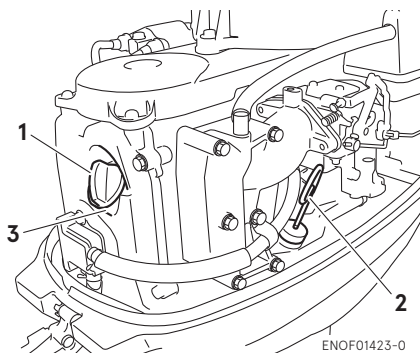
ENOW00092-A

⚠ CAUTION

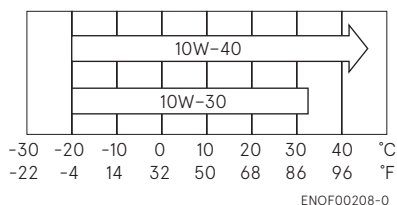
- Do not overfill engine oil, or engine oil could leak and/or engine could be damaged. If engine oil level is over upper limit marks of oil gauge, drain oil to level lower than upper limit.
- Be sure that outboard motor is in upright and level position when checking or changing oil.
- Stop engine immediately if low oil pressure warning lamp is lit or oil leak is found, or engine could be severely damaged. Consult dealer.
- Wipe off engine oil well immediately if spilled and dispose of it in accordance with local fire prevention and environmental protection regulations.

1. Place the engine in a vertical position.
2. Remove the top cowl and the oil filler cap.
3. Fill the engine through filler port with recommended oil to between upper limit and lower limit shown on the dipstick.

4. Tighten the oil filler cap.



1. Oil filler cap
2. Dipstick
3. Oil filler port



Engine oil volume

Approximately 800 mL (27 fl.oz.)

ENOW0002A-A

CAUTION

Use of engine oils that do not meet these requirements will result in reduced engine life, and other engine problems.



1. Upper limit (Max.)
2. Lower limit (Min.)

Engine oil recommendation

Use only high quality 4-stroke outboard motor oil to insure performance and prolonged engine life.

SAE: 10W-30 or 10W-40

API: SH, SJ or SL

Engine oil viscosity must be selected from the following chart according to the average temperatures in your area.

ENOM00033-A

4. Break-In

Your new outboard motor and lower unit require break-in for the moving components according to the conditions described in the following time table. Please refer to ENGINE OPERATION section (See page 34) to learn how to correctly start and operate the outboard motor.

ENOW00024-A

 DANGER

Do not operate the outboard motor in closed area or area with no forced ventilation.

Exhaust gas emitted by this outboard motor contains carbon monoxide that will cause death if inhaled continuously. Inhaling the gas initially causes symptoms such as feeling of sickness, drowsiness and headache.

During operation of the outboard motor:

- **Keep peripheral area well ventilated.**
- **Always attempt to stay on the windward side of emission.**

ENOW00023-1

 CAUTION

Operating the outboard motor without break-in can shorten life.

If any abnormality is experienced during the break-in:

- **Discontinue the operation immediately.**
- **Have the dealer check the product and take proper action(s) if necessary.**

ENON00008-1

Note

- Run at varied speed less than specified engine speed during the break-in periods.
- Break-in must be conduct under load in the water with propeller installed and in-gear.

	1-10 min	10 min - 2 hrs	2-3 hrs	3-10 hrs	After 10 hrs
Throttle Position	Idle	Less than 1/2 throttle	Less than 3/4 throttle	3/4 throttle	Full throttle available
Speed		Approx. 3000 min ⁻¹ (rpm) max	Full throttle run allowed for 1 min every 10 min	Approx. 4000 min ⁻¹ (rpm). Full throttle run allowed for 2 min every 10 min	

ENOM00039-C

5. Warning system

If outboard motor encounters an abnormal condition of fault, the warning buzzer will emit a continuous beep or intermittent short beeps and the warning lamp (LED) will synchronize with the buzzer and engine speed will be limited (engine will not be stopped).

*No buzzer is located for tiller handle type and EP type.

See next page for conditions which will lead to an abnormal condition or fault.

6

ENOM00040-C

Location of warning buzzer and lamp

■ Warning buzzer

RC model (EPT type): Located inside the remote control.

*No buzzer is located for tiller handle type and EP type.

■ Warning lamp (LED)

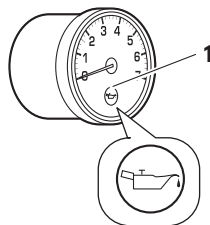
RC model: Located in the tachometer & bottom cowl.

Tiller handle models: Located on the bottom cowl.

ENON00009-A

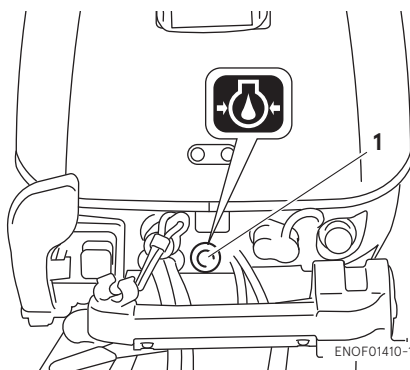
Note

Warning lamp for optional tachometer will synchronize with the warning lamp for engine side.



ENOF00851-A

1. Warning lamp



ENOF01410-1

1. Warning lamp

ENOM00041-C

Warning indicators, faults and remedy

Warning indicators			Description of faults	Remedy
Sound (EPT only)	Lamp (LED)	ESG		
-	On for several sec.	-	Normal system test when start up	
-	-	High speed ESG	Engine speed exceeds maximum allowable RPM	1
Continuous*2	ON*2	Low speed ESG	Low oil pressure*1	2

Remarks

*1: In this case, oil pressure switch is "ON".

*2: It is necessary to stop the engine, if you want to stop the working indicators and re-set the warning system.

High speed ESG (Electronic Safety Governor)

High speed ESG is a device to prevent over revolution of the engine. If the load to the engine becomes light for some reason, it runs at a higher speed than the usual. In such the case, and the ESG is activated not to ignite the spark plug, therefore, the engine speed varies and be controlled under 6300 min⁻¹ (rpm).

Low speed ESG

Low speed ESG is a device to prevent the engine from getting damage. If the engine has problems regarding oil pressure, the low speed ESG is activated not to ignite the spark plug, the engine speed varies and be controlled under 2800 min⁻¹ (rpm).

Remedy

1. Reduce the throttle to less than half opening, and move to safe place quickly, and stop the engine.
Check the propeller for bent or damaged blades.
Consult an authorized dealer if engine shows the same result even after replacing propeller with new one.
2. Move to safe place quickly, and stop the engine.
Check the engine oil level, and add engine oil if necessary.
Consult your dealer if the engine oil level is too low or too high.

ENOW00025-A



CAUTION

- **Low speed ESG ON:** Engine speed will be limited to 2800 min⁻¹ (rpm), however you should not continue to run engine.
- **High speed ESG ON:** Engine speed will be limited to 6300 min⁻¹ (rpm) and engine will run rough until throttle is reduced.

ENGINE OPERATION

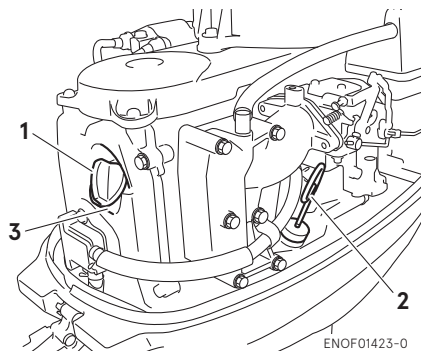
ENOM00042-0

Before starting

ENOM00246-0

Oil Level checking

Check the engine oil level before each use. If the oil level is low or too high, the life of the engine will be shortened significantly. (To properly check the engine oil level follow the instructions, see page 63)



1. Oil filler cap
2. Dipstick
3. Oil filler port



1. Upper limit (Max.)
2. Lower limit (Min.)

ENOW00027-B

CAUTION

Before starting engine for the first time after reassembling engine or off-season storage, disconnect stop switch lock and crank approximately 10 times in order to prime the oil pump.

ENOM00044-C

1. Fuel feeding

ENOW00029-A

WARNING

When opening fuel tank cap, be sure to follow the procedure described below. Fuel could blast out through the fuel tank cap in case the cap is loosened by using another procedure when internal pressure of fuel tank is raised by heat from sources such as sun light.

ENOW00030-B

WARNING

When using EPA approval fuel tank, only use a primer bulb/hose assembly that has a Fuel Demand Valve (FDV) installed in the fuel hose or a sealing mechanism in the fuel connector as shown below.

FDV and fuel connector that has an sealing mechanism prevent pressurized fuel spillage when the fuel connector is connected to the engine.



1. FDV in fuel hose
2. Sealing mechanism in fuel connector
3. Identification

Do NOT use a primer bulb/hose assembly that does not contain a Fuel Demand Valve or a sealing mechanism as shown below: otherwise fuel spillage may occur when the connector is connected to the engine.



ENOF00036-0

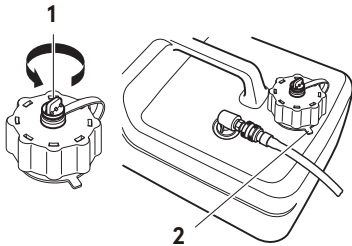
Do not connect fuel connector except when operating engine. Fuel leakage is a fire or explosion hazard, which can cause serious injury or death.

ENOW0947-0

⚠ CAUTION

When using a separate tank, be sure that the fuel line is not kinked and is connected securely.

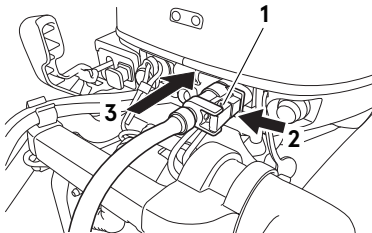
1. Full open the air vent screw on the fuel tank cap.



ENOF00421-1

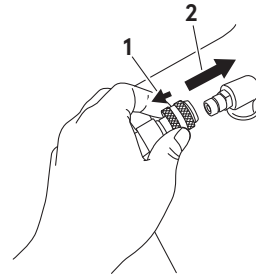
1. Air vent screw
2. Fuel tank cap

2. Loosen the tank cap until it contacts the tab lock and release internal pressure completely. After that, close the tank cap until two clicks sound is heard.
3. Connect the fuel connector to the engine and fuel tank.



ENOF00514-0

1. Fuel connector
2. Push
3. Insert



ENOF00861-A

1. Pull
2. Insert
4. Squeeze primer bulb until it becomes stiff to feed fuel to carburetor. Direct arrow mark upward when priming.



ENOF00862-0

1. Engine side
2. Fuel tank side

Do not squeeze primer bulb with engine running or when the outboard motor is tilted up. Otherwise, fuel could overflow.

ENOM00045-C

2. Starting the engine

ENOW00958-0

⚠ WARNING

- Do not remove or install the top cowl after the engine has been started.
- The exposed rotating engine parts or moving parts cause serious injury.

ENOW00959-0

⚠ CAUTION

The top cowl must be installed while the engine running except in an emergency. If

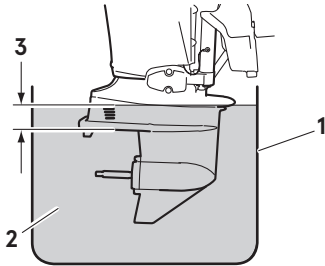
the top cowl is not installed correctly, water splash can damage the engine.

ENOW00036-A

CAUTION

When the engine is started in the test tank, to avoid over heating and water pump damage, be sure the water level is at least 10 cm (4 in.) above the anti ventilation plate.

And be sure to remove the propeller, when starting the engine in the test tank. (See page 65)
Run the engine only at idling.



ENOF00863-0

- 1. Test tank
- 2. Water
- 3. Over 10 cm (4 in.)

ENOW00036-0

CAUTION

Be sure to stop engine immediately if cooling water check port is not discharging water, and check if cooling water intake is blocked. Operating engine could lead to overheating potentially leading to engine damage. Consult an authorized dealer if the cause cannot be found.

ENOW00032-A

CAUTION

Do not hold turning starter motor more than 5 seconds, or the battery may be consumed, potentially making the engine starting impossible and/or damaging the starter.
If cranking over 5 seconds fails to start engine, return main switch to "ON", and crank engine again after 10 seconds or more.
Do not try to crank after engine has started.

This model is provided with start in gear protection.

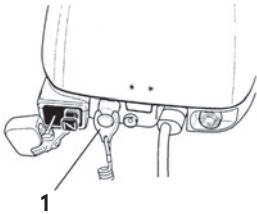
ENON00010-0

Note

Start-in-gear protection prevents engine from starting at other than neutral shift. In-gear starting of engine will move the boat immediately, potentially leading to falling down or causing passenger(s) to be thrown overboard.

Tiller handle type

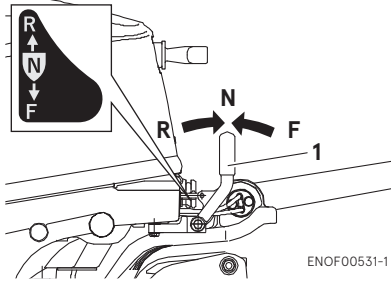
1. Be sure to install the stop switch lock to the stop switch, and attach the stop switch lanyard securely to the operator or to the operator's PFD (Personal Flotation Device.)



ENOF00516-0

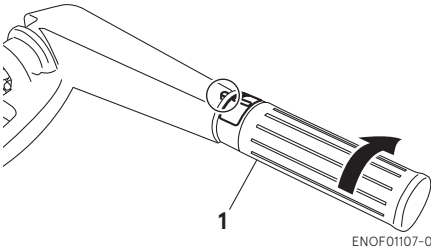
1. Stop switch lock

2. Set the control lever in the Neutral position.

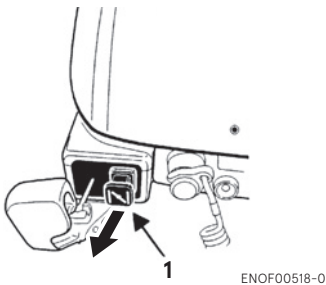


1. Shift lever

3. Set the throttle grip to START position.



1. Throttle grip
4. Pull the choke knob fully.



1. Choke knob

ENON00501-0

Note

Choke is not necessary when the engine is warm. Set the throttle grip to "RE-START" position.

ENON00502-0

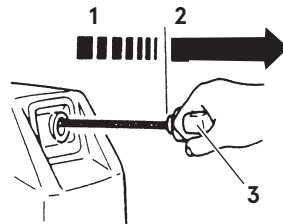
Note

If engine does not start with 4 or 5 times starting operation, push the knob back and restart.

(For manual starter type)

This engine is equipped with a compression release mechanism.

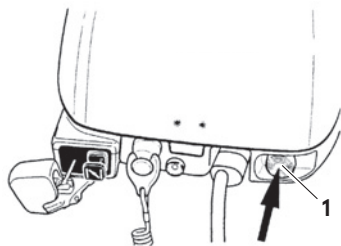
5. Pull the starter handle slowly until you feel engagement, keep pulling till you feel less resistance. Then pull it quickly. repeat if necessary until started.



1. Slowly
2. Quickly
3. Starter handle

(For electrical starter type)

1. Push the starter switch button and release the button when the engine has started.



ENOF00520-0

1. Starter Button

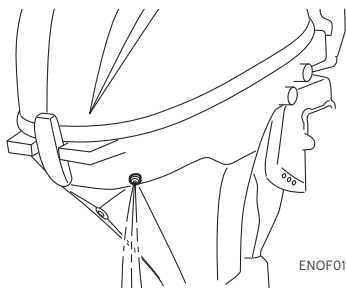
ENOW00032-1

CAUTION

Do not hold turning starter motor more than 5 seconds, or the battery may be consumed, potentially making the engine starting impossible and/or damaging the starter.

If cranking over 5 seconds fails to start engine, return main switch to "ON", and crank engine again after 10 seconds or more.

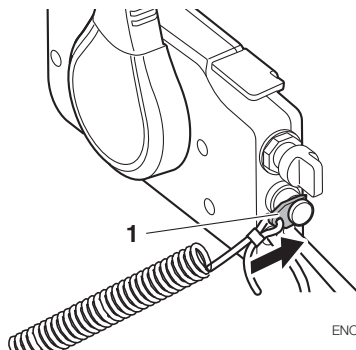
6. After engine starting, return the choke knob while check the engine speeds. if the engine speeds unstable, pull the choke knob to operated.
7. Check the cooling water from cooling water check port.



ENOF01411-1

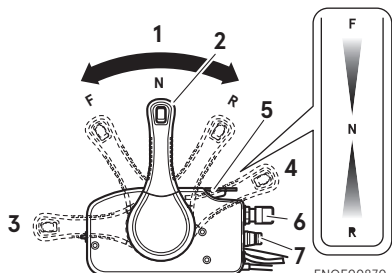
Side mount RC type

1. Be sure to install the stop switch lock to the stop switch, and attach the stop switch lanyard securely to the operator or to the operator's PFD (Personal Flotation Device.)



ENOF00869-1

1. Stop switch lock
2. Insert the main switch key.
3. Set the control lever in the Neutral position.
4. Raise the free throttle lever when starting the engine.



ENOF00870-1

1. Neutral (N)
2. Control lever
3. Fully opened (Forward)
4. Fully opened (Reverse)
5. Free throttle lever
6. Main switch key
7. Stop switch

ENON00035-A

Note

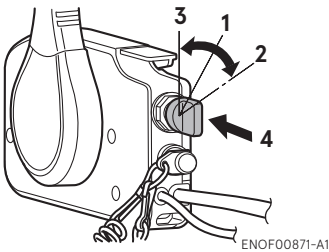
The free throttle lever can not be raised when the control lever shift is in Forward or Reverse.

- Turn the main switch key to ON position. Then, continuously push the key to operate the choke.

ENON00053-0

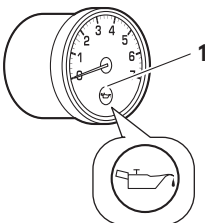
Note

Choke operation is not necessary if the engine is warm.



ENOF00871-A1

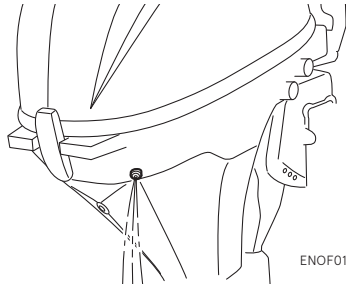
- ON
 - START
 - OFF
 - Push to operate choke knob.
- Stop pushing the key when the engine has started.
The key returns to the original position, automatically.
 - Returns the Free accel lever to close position.
 - Confirm warning lamp light up and then go off after engine has started.



ENOF00851-A

- Warning lamp

- Check the cooling water from cooling water check port.



ENOF01411-1

ENOM00042-A

Emergency starting

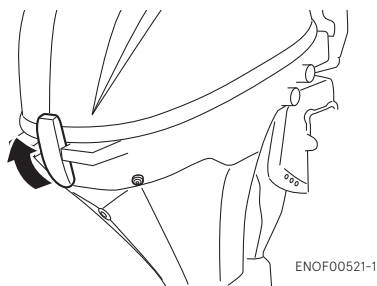
ENOW00099-A

! WARNING

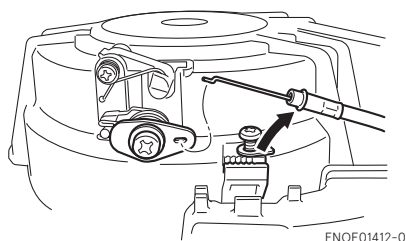
When the emergency starter rope is used for starting engine;

- Start in gear protection does not work. Be sure to shift is at neutral position. Otherwise the engine will move the boat immediately and cause personal injury.
- Be careful that your clothes or other items do not get caught in the rotating engine parts.
- To prevent accident and injury by rotating parts, do not re-attach flywheel cover and the top cowl after the engine has been started.
- Do not pull starter rope if any bystander is behind. The action can injure the bystander.
- Attach engine stop switch lanyard to clothing or any part of body like arm before starting engine.

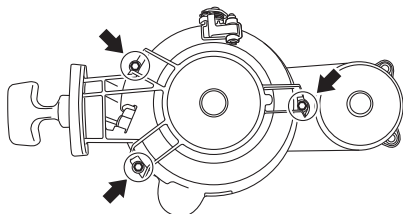
1. Remove the top cowl.



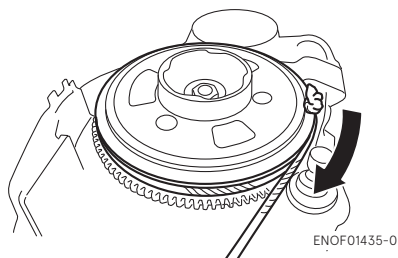
2. Remove starter lock cable from recoil starter by loosening the screw for the starter lock cable.



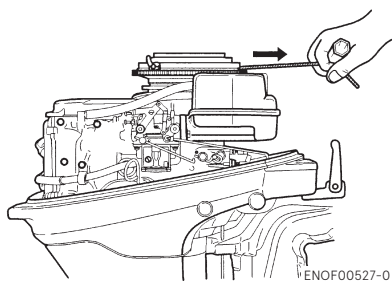
3. Remove the bolts (3 pcs) and remove the recoil starter.



4. Insert the knotted end of the starter rope into the notch in the flywheel and wind the rope around the flywheel several turns clockwise.



5. Tie a loop in the another end of the emergency starter rope and attach socket wrench that is included in the tool kit.



ENOW00860-0

CAUTION

Be sure to keep the harness away from the rotation parts.

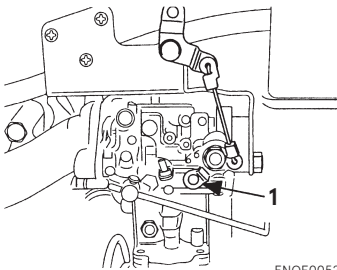
6. Be sure to install the stop switch lock to the stop switch, and attach the stop switch lanyard securely to the operator or to the operator's PFD (Personal Flotation Device.)
7. Set the control lever in the Neutral position.

8. Pull the starter handle slowly until you feel engagement, keep pulling till you feel less resistance. Then pull it quickly.
9. After engine starts, do not reinstall recoil starter and top cowl.

ENOM00518-0

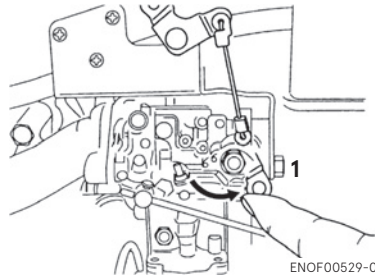
If the choke solenoid fails to operate (EP and EPT type only)

1. Remove the top cowl.
2. Close the choke plate by finger.
3. Raise the Free accel lever a little.
4. Turn the main switch key to start position.
5. Stop pushing the key when the engine has started.
6. Return the choke plate to open position.



ENOF00528-0

1. Choke plate (open position)



ENOF00529-0

1. Choke plate (closed position)

ENOM00043-A

3. Warming up the engine

ENOW00932-0

CAUTION

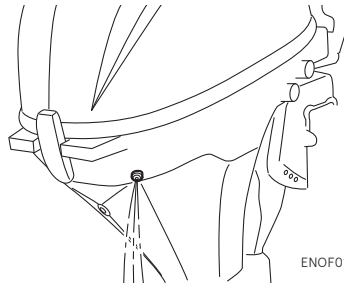
Be sure to check that cooling water is coming out of the cooling water check port during warm up.

Warm the engine at low engine speeds for about

3 minutes : above 5°C (41°F)

5 minutes at 2000 min⁻¹ (rpm) : blow 5°C (41°F)

This allows the lubricating oil to circulate to all parts of the engine. Operating the engine without warm up shortens the engine's life.



ENOF01411-1

ENOM00044-0

Engine speeds

Idling speed after warming up.

Remark: In case of cold engine starting, idling speed is increased about 400 min⁻¹ (rpm) for several minutes.

Clutch in (In gear)	Clutch off (Out of gear)
900 min ⁻¹ (rpm)	950 min ⁻¹ (rpm)

ENOM00972-1

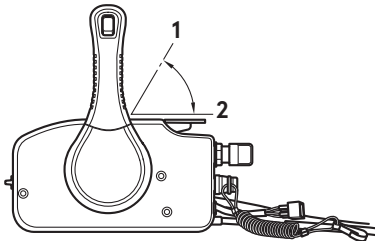
Free throttle lever (Side mount RC type)

ENOW00956-A

⚠ CAUTION

- The free throttle lever is inoperative unless the control lever is in neutral.
- Also, the control lever is inoperative unless the free throttle lever is returned to the fully-closed position.

Move the free throttle lever upward to open the throttle.



ENOF00934-0

1. Fully-open
2. Fully-closed

ENOM00046-A

4. Forward, reverse, and acceleration

ENOW00037-0

⚠ WARNING

Before shifting into forward or reverse, make sure that boat is properly moored and out-board motor can be steered fully to the right and left. Make sure that no swimmer(s) is ahead or astern of the boat.

ENOW00038-A

⚠ WARNING

- Attach other end of emergency stop switch lanyard to the operator's PFD (Personal Flotation device) or arm and keep it attached during cruising.
- Do not attach the tether to a part of clothing that can be torn easily when pulled.
- Arrange the tether so that will not be caught by any object when pulled.
- Be careful not to pull the tether accidentally during cruising. Unintentional stop of engine can cause loss of control of out-board motor. Rapid loss of engine power can lead to falling down or causing passenger(s) to be thrown overboard.

ENOW00042-0

⚠ WARNING

- Do not shift into Reverse during planing, or control will be lost leading to serious personal injury, boat may swamp, and/or hull may be damaged.
- Do not shift into Reverse during cruising, or control may be lost, falling down or causing passenger(s) to be thrown overboard. Leading to serious personal injury, and steering system and/or shifting mechanism may be damaged.

ENOW00861-0

! WARNING

Do not shift at high boat speed, or control may be lost, falling down or causing passenger(s) to be thrown overboard. Leading to serious personal injury.

ENOW00862-0

! CAUTION

Gear and clutch damage may occur if shifting at high engine speed.
Engine must be in the slow idle position before shifting is attempted.

ENOW00863-0

! CAUTION

Idle speed may be higher during warming up of engine. If shifted to Forward or Reverse during warming up, it may be difficult to shift back to neutral. In such case, stop engine, shift to neutral, and restart engine to warm up.

ENON00014-0

Note

Frequent shifting to forward or reverse can accelerate wear or degradation of parts. In such case, replace gear oil earlier than the period specified.

ENOW00864-0

! CAUTION

Do not increase engine speed unnecessarily when the shift is in neutral and reverse, or engine damage may occur.

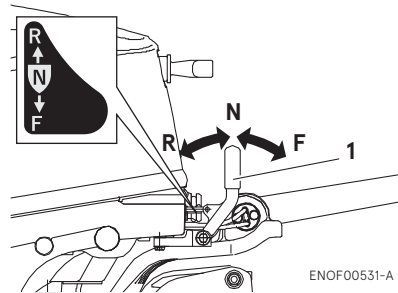
ENOM00890-A

Tiller handle type

ENOW00865-A

! CAUTION

Do not force to shift when the throttle grip is not in the fully closed position, otherwise, steering system and/or shifting mechanism may be damaged.



1. Shift lever

Forward

1. Turn the throttle grip to reduce engine speed.
2. When the engine reaches trolling (or idling) speed, quickly pull the shift lever to the Forward position.

Reverse

1. Turn the throttle grip to reduce engine speed.
2. When the engine reaches trolling (or idling) speed, quickly pull the shift lever to the Reverse position.

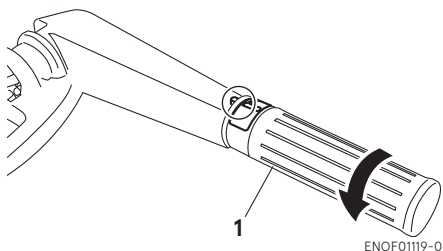
Acceleration

ENOW00867-0

WARNING

Sudden acceleration and deceleration may cause passenger(s) to be thrown overboard or falling down.

Open throttle grip or control lever gradually.



1. Throttle grip

ENOF01119-0

ENOM0900-0

Side mount RC type

ENOW00867-0

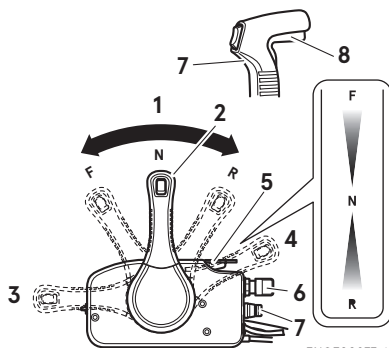
WARNING

Sudden acceleration and deceleration may cause passenger(s) to be thrown overboard or falling down.

ENOW00865-A

CAUTION

Do not force to shift when the throttle grip is not in the fully closed position, otherwise, steering system and/or shifting mechanism may be damaged.



1. Forward (F)
2. Neutral (N)
3. Reverse (R)
4. Fully opened (Forward)
5. Fully opened (Reverse)
6. Free throttle lever
7. Control lever
8. Neutral lock arm

Forward

1. Quickly push the control lever to the Forward (F) position 32°, where the gear is connected, while lifting up on the lock button located under the control lever grip.
2. Further forward motion will open the throttle.

Reverse

1. Quickly pull the control lever to the Reverse (R) position at 32°, where the gear is connected, while lifting up on the lock button located under the control lever grip.
2. Further rearward motion will open the throttle.

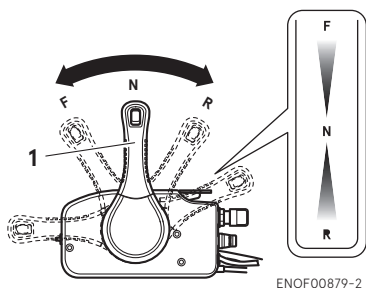
Acceleration

ENOW00867-A

CAUTION

Sudden acceleration and deceleration may cause passenger(s) to be thrown overboard or falling down.

Open throttle grip or control lever gradually.



1. Control lever

ENOM00049-A

5. Stopping the engine

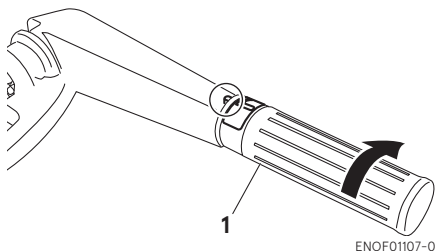
ENOW00868-0

! WARNING

Be careful not to remove engine stop switch lanyard from engine accidentally while boat is running. Sudden stop of engine can cause loss of steering control. It can also cause loss of boat speed, possibly leading the crew(s) and or objects on the boat to be thrown forward due to inertial force.

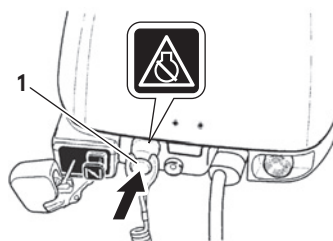
Tiller handle type

1. Turn the throttle grip to the slow position.



1. Throttle grip

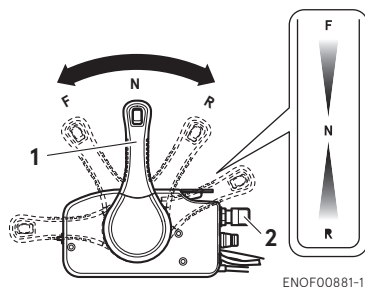
2. Put the shift lever in the Neutral position.
Run the engine for 2-3 minutes at idling speed for cooling down if it has been running at full speed.
3. Push the stop switch for a few seconds to stop the engine.



1. Stop Switch

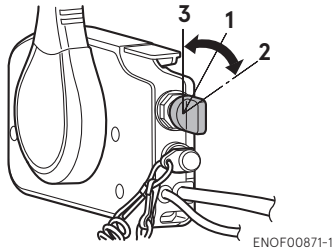
Side mount RC type

1. Put the control lever in the Neutral position and run the engine for 2-3 minutes at idling speed for cooling down if it has been running at full speed.



1. Control lever
2. Main switch key

2. Turn the main switch key to the OFF position or push the stop switch. (Do not forget to turn the key off).



1. ON
2. START
3. OFF

ENOW00869-0

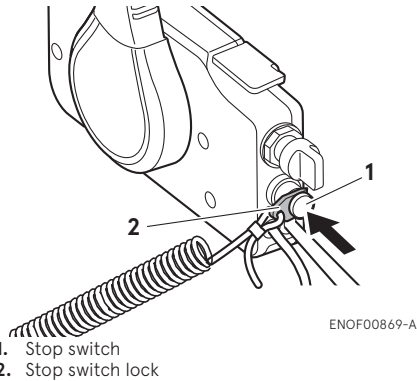
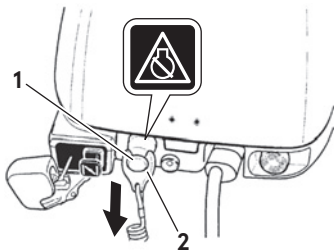
WARNING

After stopping the engine:

- Close the air vent screw on the fuel tank cap.
- Disconnect the fuel connector of the engine and the fuel tank.
- Disconnect the battery cord, after each use.

Emergency engine stopping

Remove stop switch lock to stop the engine.



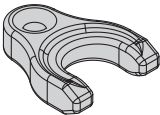
ENOM00910-0

Spare emergency stop switch lock

A spare emergency stop switch lock is provided in the tool bag.

When used as described, the emergency stop switch clip and emergency stop switch lanyard system stops the engine if the operator falls away from the controls. When an operator falls into water, be sure to use emergency stop switch lock of the spare.

Be sure to confirm the spare stop switch lock is in the tool bag before begin to operate.



ENOM00920-0

6. Steering

ENOW00870-0

WARNING

Sudden steering may cause passenger(s) to be thrown overboard or falling down.

Tiller handle type

Right turn

Move the tiller handle to the left

Left turn

Move the tiller handle to the right.



ENOF00892-0

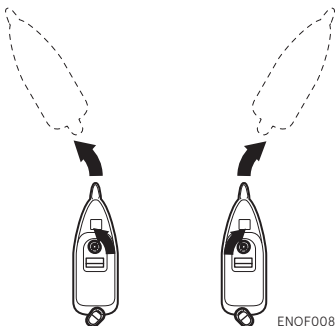
Remote control type

Right turn

Turn the steering wheel to the right.

Left turn

Turn the steering wheel to the left.



ENOF00893-0

ENOM00050-0

7. Trim angle

ENOW00043-A

WARNING

- Adjust the trim angle when the engine is stopped.
- Do not put hand or finger in between outboard motor body and clamp bracket when adjusting trim angle to prevent injury in case the outboard motor body falls.
- Unsuitable trim position can cause loss of control of boat. When testing a trim position, run boat slow initially to see if it can be controlled safely.

ENOW00044-0

WARNING

Excessive trim up or down may lead to unstable boat operation, potentially causing the steering difficulty that leads to accident during cruising.

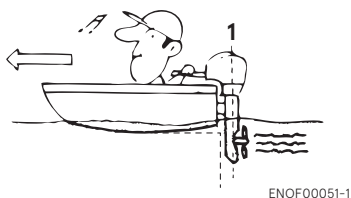
- Do not cruise at high speed if improper trim position is suspected. Stop the boat and readjust trim angle before continuing cruise.
- For outboard motor model with PT switch on the bottom cowl, do not operate the switch during cruising, or control of boat may be lost.

The trim angle of the outboard motor can be adjusted to suit the transom angle of the hull, and load conditions. Choose an appropriate trim angle that will allow the anti-ventilation plate to run parallel to the water surface during operation.

ENOM00052-0

Proper trim angle

The position of the thrust rod is correct if the hull is horizontal during operation.



ENOF00051-1

1. Perpendicular to the water surface

ENOM00053-A

Improper trim angle (bow rises too high)

Set the thrust rod (or preset knob) lower if the bow of the boat rises above horizontal.



ENOF00052-0

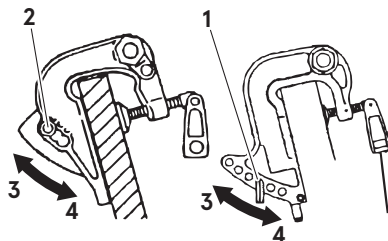
ENOM00054-0

Improper trim angle (bow dips into the water)

Set the thrust rod (or preset knob) higher if the bow of the boat is below horizontal.

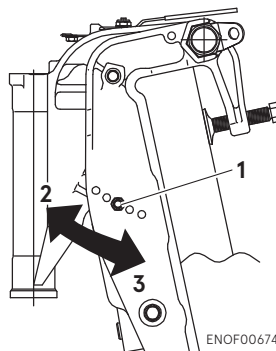


ENOF00053-0



ENOF000532-0

1. Thrust rod
2. Preset knob
3. Higher
4. Lower



ENOF00674-B

1. Thrust rod
2. Higher
3. Lower

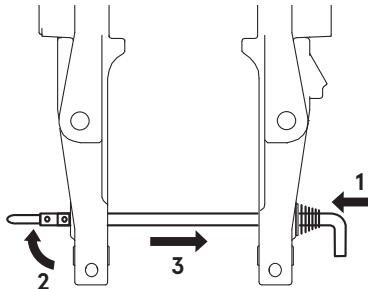
Remark: Thrust rod is for MF and EF, and preset knob is for EP.

Trim angle adjustment (Manual tilt type)

The transom angle adjustment

1. Stop the engine.
2. Shift into neutral position.
3. Tilt up the outboard motor.

- Remove the thrust rod as shown picture.



ENOF01238-1

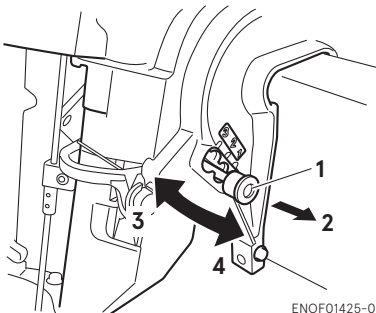
- Push in
- Rise the stopper
- Pull out

- Reinstall the thrust rod in the desired position securely.
- Gently tilt down the outboard motor.

Trim angle adjustment (Manual tilt RC type)

The transom angle adjustment

- Stop the engine
- Shift into forward.
- Raise the outboard motor to the tilt up position.
- Change the trim lock pin position as following picture.



ENOF01425-0

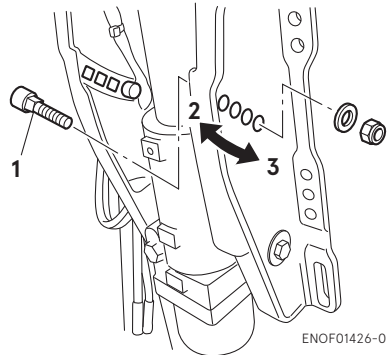
- Preset knob
- Pull
- Higher
- Lower

- Reinstall preset knob securely.
- Gently lower the outboard.

Trim angle adjustment (Power tilt type)

The transom angle adjustment

- Stop the engine
- Operate the Power Tilt switch and raise the outboard motor to the tilt up position.
- Lock the tilt with the Tilt stopper.
- Change the trim lock pin position as following picture.



ENOF01426-0

- Trim lock pin
- Higher
- Lower

- Reinstall the tilt lock pin securely.
- Operate the Power Tilt switch and lower the outboard.

ENOM00060-A

8. Tilt up and down

ENOW00055-0



WARNING

Do not tilt up or down outboard motor when swimmer(s) or passenger is near to prevent

them from being caught between outboard motor body and clamp bracket in case the outboard motor body falls.

ENOW00048-0

WARNING

When tilting up or down, be careful not to place your hand between the swivel bracket and the stern bracket.

Be sure to tilt the outboard motor down slowly.

ENOW00056-A

WARNING

When tilting up outboard motor with fuel joint for over a few minutes, be sure to disconnect fuel hose, or fuel may leak, potentially catching fire.

ENOW00057-0

CAUTION

Do not tilt up outboard motor while engine operates, or no cooling water may be fed, leading to engine seizure due to overheating.

ENON00921-0

Note

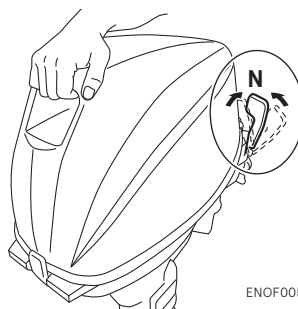
Before tilting the outboard motor up, after stopping the motor leave it in the running position for about a minute to allow water to drain from inside the engine.

ENOM00062-A

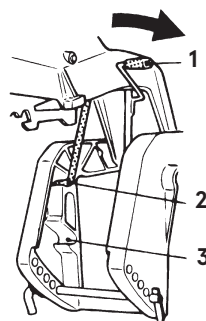
Manual Tilt type

Tilt up

With the shift lever in Neutral or Forward, fully tilt the motor up toward you by holding the tilt handle provide at the rear of the top cowl. Then slightly lower the motor for locking in the up position.



ENOF00543-1



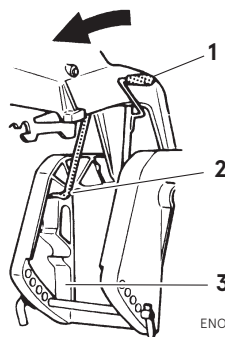
ENOF00544-0

1. Tilt lever
2. Tilt up position
3. Shallow water operating position

ENOM00063-A

Tilt down

Slightly tilt the motor up, and pull the tilt lever toward you to release the tilt-lock. Then lower the motor slowly.



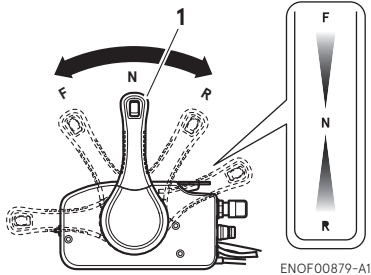
ENOF00545-1

1. Tilt lever
2. Tilt up position
3. Tilt down position

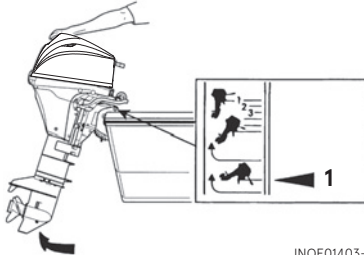
ENOM00564-0

Manual Tilt RC type**Tilt up**

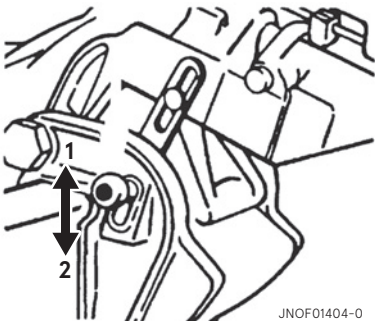
1. Put the control lever to the Forward (F) position.



1. Control lever
2. Tilt the outboard motor all the way up until it is in tilted - up position.



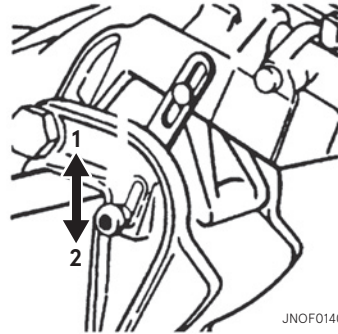
1. Tilt up position
3. Set the knob to Lock position, then secure the tilt locking.



1. LOCK
2. UN-LOCK

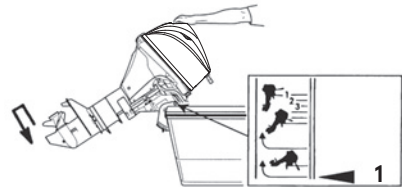
Tilt down

1. Set the knob to Unlock position.



1. LOCK
2. UN-LOCK

2. Lift up the outboard motor slightly until it is in Release position, and then outboard motor tilted down.



1. Tilt release position

ENOM00069-B

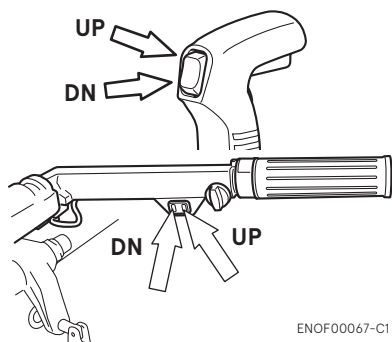
Power Tilt type**Tilt up**

1. Operate the Power Tilt switch and tilt the outboard motor up.
2. Lock the tilt with the Tilt stopper after the outboard motor has been tilted up

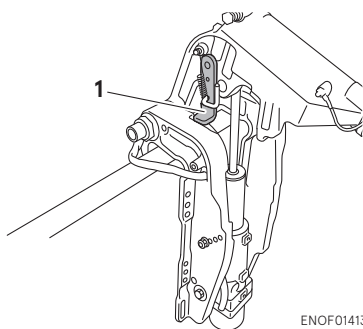
Tilt down

1. Release the tilt stopper from the set-up position while slightly tilting up outboard motor.

2. Operate the Power Tilt switch and tilt the outboard motor down until the motor touches to the thrust rod.



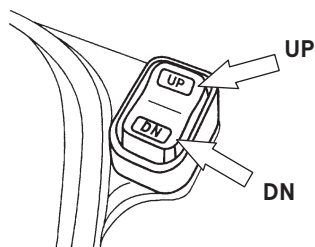
ENOF00067-C1



ENOF01413-0

1. Tilt stopper

The outboard motor can also be tilted up and down using the switch provided on the bottom cowl.



ENOF00539-0

It is possible to tilt up or down in spite of main switch "ON" or "OFF".

ENOM00940-0

Manual relief valve

If the battery is dead, and the power tilt switch thus inoperative, open the manual relief valve completely in the Manual direction. This will allow manual tilting of the outboard motor.

ENOW00872-0

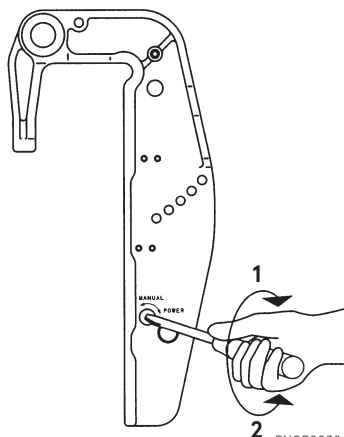
⚠ WARNING

Make sure the manual relief valve is closed before operating the outboard motor. If the manual relief valve is not closed, the outboard motor will tilt up when operated in reverse.

ENOW00873-0

⚠ WARNING

Before opening the manual relief valve, make sure nobody is under the outboard motor. If the outboard motor is in the tilted up position, it will tilt down suddenly if the manual relief valve is loosened in the "Manual" direction.



ENOF00326-0

1. Power
 2. Manual
- Manual relief valve specified tightening torque
2 N·m (1.5 ft·lb, 0.2 kgf·m)

ENOM00068-A

9. Shallow water operation

ENOW00051-0

WARNING

During shallow water operation, be careful not to place your hand between the swivel bracket and the clamp bracket. Be sure to tilt the outboard motor down slowly.

ENOW00053-0

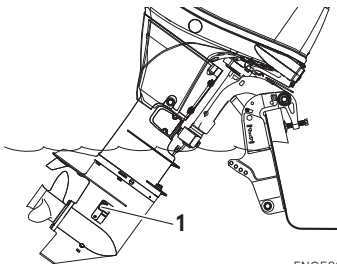
CAUTION

While in shallow water drive position, do not operate the outboard motor in Reverse. Operate the outboard motor at slow speed and keep the cooling water intake submerged.

ENOW00054-A

CAUTION

Do not overtilt outboard motor when driving shallow water, or air may be sucked through water inlet, potentially leading to engine overheating.



ENOF01144-A

1. Water inlet

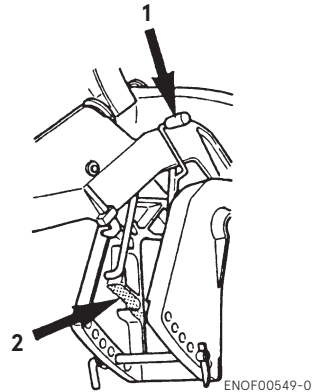
Manual tilt type (MF, EF type)

Shallow water running position:

1. With the shift lever in Neutral or Forward, tilt the motor up slowly by about 40° and then lower the tilt lever for setting at the shallow water running position.

Return to normal running position:

2. Tilt the motor up fully and then return the motor down slowly to the normal running position.



ENOF00549-0

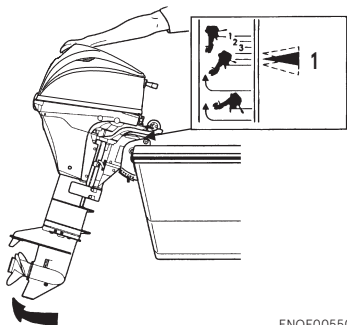
1. Tilt lever
2. Shallow water running position

ENOM00541-A

Manual tilt type (EP type)

Shallow water running position

1. Stop the engine.
2. Shift the outboard into forward.
3. Tilt the outboard up to one of the shallow water positions.

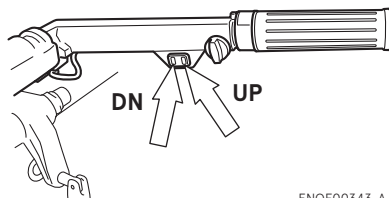


ENOF00550-1

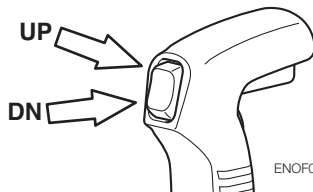
1. Shallow water drive position

Return to normal running position

1. Stop the engine.
2. Tilt the outboard up to the tilt release position.
3. Gently lower the outboard.

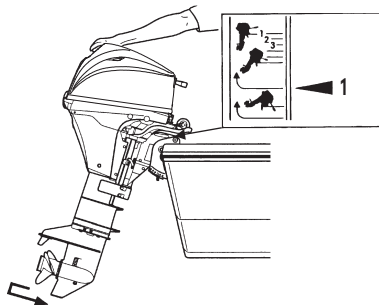


ENOF00343-A



ENOF00067-2

7



ENOF00551-1

1. Tilt release position

ENOM00069-A

Power Tilt type

1. Operate the Power Tilt switch and tilt the outboard motor up into desired shallow water running position.

REMOVING AND CARRYING THE OUTBOARD MOTOR

ENOM00070-B

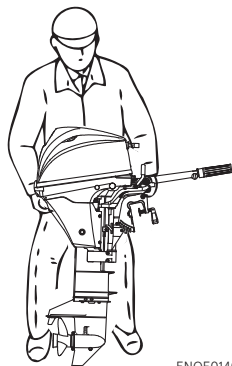
1. Removing the outboard motor

ENOW00064-0

CAUTION

Engine may be hot immediately after operating and could cause burns if touched. Allow engine to cool down before attempting to carry the outboard.

1. Stop the engine.
2. Disconnect the fuel connector, the remote control cables and the battery cords from the outboard motor.
3. Remove the outboard motor from boat and completely drain the water from the gear case.



ENOF01407-1

ENOM00071-A

2. Carrying the outboard motor

ENOW00933-0

WARNING

Be sure to disconnect fuel connector except when operating engine.

Fuel leakage is a fire or explosion hazard, which can cause serious injury or death.

ENOW00065-0

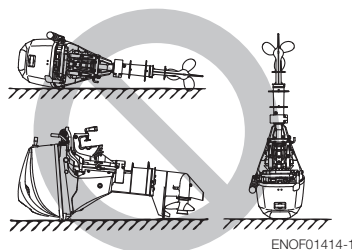
WARNING

Close air vent screw of fuel tank before carrying or storing outboard motor and fuel tank, or fuel may leak, potentially catching fire.

ENOW00066-C

CAUTION

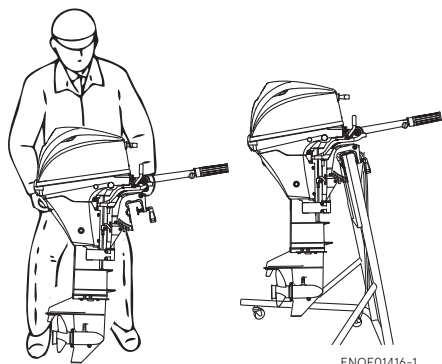
- Do not give a shock to an outboard motor during transportation. It becomes a cause of breakage.
- Do not carry or store outboard motor in any of positions described below. Otherwise, engine oil or cooling water may enter the cylinder cause engine problems. Property damage could result from leaking oil out.



ENOF01414-1

Keep the outboard motor in a vertical position when carrying.

The optional outboard motor stand is recommended for keeping the outboard motor vertical both during transport and storage.

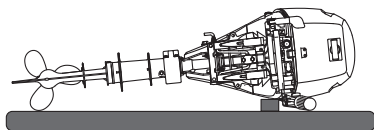


ENOF01416-1

ENON00021-2

Note

- If the outboard motor must be laid down, be sure to drain the remaining fuel in the fuel line and carburetor (see page 80). When lay down the outboard motor, place port-side down on a cushion or any softer surface shown below.
- Elevate power unit 2 inches to 4 inches if traveling to avoid oil spillage.



ENOF01415-0

ENOM00072-A

3. Trailing

ENOW00072-0

CAUTION

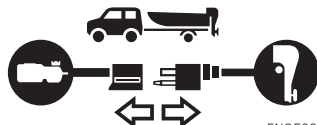
Trailing in the tilted position may cause damage to the outboard motor, boat, etc.

ENOW00073-A

WARNING

Be sure to disconnect fuel connector except when operating engine.

Fuel leakage is a fire or explosion hazard, which can cause serious injury or death.



ENOF00075-1

ENOW00068-0

WARNING

Close air vent screw of fuel tank and fuel cock before carrying or storing outboard motor and fuel tank, or fuel may leak, potentially catching fire.

ENOW00071-0

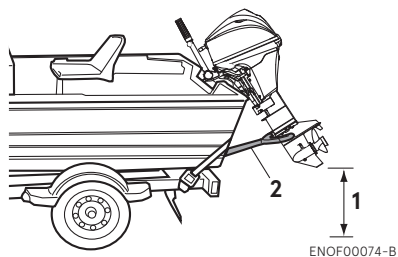
CAUTION

The tilt support device supplied on your outboard motor is not intended for towing. It is intended to support the outboard motor while the boat is docked, beached, etc.

When transporting a boat on a trailer with the outboard motor still attached, disconnect the fuel line from the outboard motor beforehand and keep the outboard motor in the normal running position or on a transom saver bar.

Tiller handle type

To prevent the outboard motor from moving when it is attached on a boat during transport on a trailer, properly tighten the steering friction bolt or lever (page 58).



1. Ground clearance should be provided sufficiently.
2. Transom saver bar

ENOW00067-0



WARNING

Do not go under outboard motor tilted up even if it is supported by support bar, or accidental fall of outboard motor could lead to severe personal injury.

ADJUSTMENT

ENOM00073-0

1. Steering friction

Tiller handle type

ENOW00074-B

WARNING

Do not overtighten the steering friction adjustment bolt or lever it could result in difficulty of movement resulting in the loss of control causing an accident and could lead to severe injury.

ENON00506-B

Note

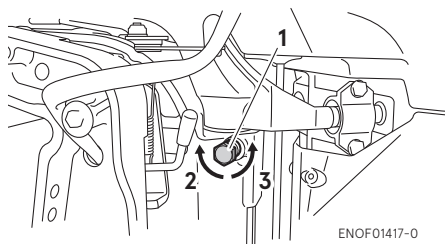
The steering friction adjustment bolt is used to adjust the friction load of the steering, but not to fix the steering. Excess tightening of the adjustment bolt may cause damage to the swivel bracket.

ENOM00544-A

Steering friction can be adjusted in accordance with your preference by turning the steering friction adjustment bolt or lever.

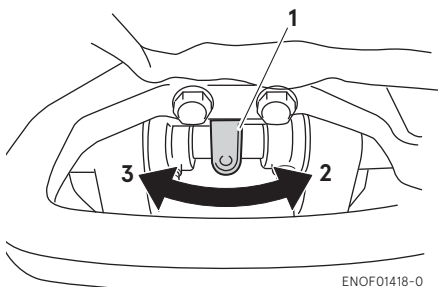
9

EF, MF type



1. Steering friction adjustment bolt
2. Increase
3. Decrease

EFT type



1. Steering friction lever
2. Decrease
3. Increase

EENOM00074-A

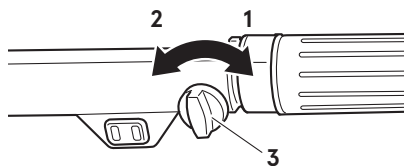
2. Throttle grip friction

ENOW00074-B

WARNING

Do not overtighten the throttle adjustment screw or it could result in difficulty of movement resulting in the loss of control causing an accident and could lead to severe injury.

Friction adjustment of the throttle grip can be made with the throttle adjustment screw.



1. Increase
2. Decrease
3. Throttle friction adjustment screw

ENOM00075-0

3. Remote control lever friction

EP, EPT type

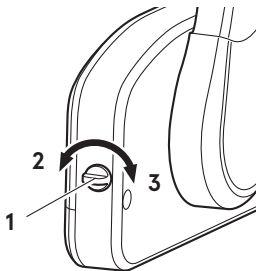
ENOW00074-C

WARNING

Do not overtighten the remote control throttle friction adjustment screw or it could result in difficulty of movement resulting in the loss of control causing an accident and could lead to severe injury.

To adjust the friction of the remote control lever, turn the throttle friction adjustment screw on the front of the remote control. Turn clockwise to increase the friction and counter-clockwise to decrease it.

Side mount type



ENOF00078-2

1. Throttle friction adjustment screw
2. Decrease
3. Increase

ENOM00076-0

4. Trim tab adjustment

ENOW00076-1

WARNING

- Be sure that outboard motor is secured to transom or service stand, or accidental drop or fall of outboard motor could lead to severe personal injury.
- Be sure to lock outboard motor when it is tilted up, otherwise accidental fall of outboard motor could lead to severe personal injury.
- Do not go under outboard motor tilted up and locked, or accidental fall of outboard motor could lead to severe personal injury.

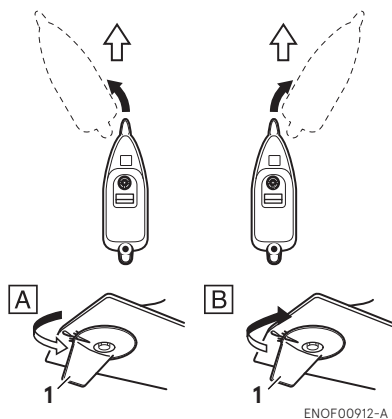
ENOW00075-1

WARNING

Inappropriate adjustment of trim tab could cause steering difficulty. After installing or readjusting trim tab, check if steering load is even.

If straight-line cruising can not be achieved, adjust the trim tab located under the anti-ventilation plate.

- If the boat veers toward the left direct the trim tab towards A (left from rear of boat).
- If the boat veers toward the right direct the trim tab towards B (right from rear of boat).



ENOF00912-A

1. Trim tab

ENON00022-A

Notes

- After adjustment securely tighten the trim tab fixing bolt.
- Check for looseness of the bolt and the trim tab at regular intervals.

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

ENOM00077-0

Care of your outboard motor

To keep your outboard motor in the best operating condition, it is very important that you perform daily and periodic maintenance as suggested in the maintenance schedules that follow.

ENOW00077-0



CAUTION

- **Your personal safety and that of your passengers depends on how well you maintain your outboard motor. Carefully observe all of the inspection and maintenance procedures described in this section.**
 - **The maintenance intervals shown in the checklist apply to an outboard motor in normal use. If you use your outboard motor under severe conditions such as frequent full-throttle operation, frequent operation in brackish water, or for commercial use, maintenance should be performed at shorter intervals. If in doubt, consult your dealer for advice.**
 - **We strongly recommend that you use only genuine replacement parts on your outboard motor. Damage to your outboard motor arising from the use of other than genuine parts is not covered under the warranty.**
-

ENOM00551-0

1. Daily Inspection

Perform the following checks before and after use.

ENOW00078-1

 **WARNING**

Do not use outboard motor if any abnormality is found during pre-operation check otherwise it could result in severe damage to the motor or severe personal injury.

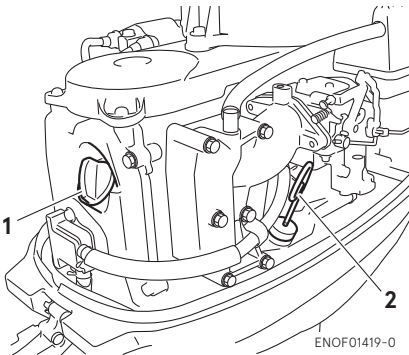
Item	Points to Check	Remedy
Fuel System	• Check the amount of fuel in the tank. • Check for debris or water in the fuel filters. • Check the rubber hoses for fuel leakage.	Replenish Clean or Replace Replace
Fuel Tank Cap	• Check for crack, leakage, damage in the fuel tank cap. • Check for crack, damage in the gasket. • Check for leakage at full close. • Check for ratchet performance.	Replace Replace Replace Replace
Engine Oil	• Check the oil level.	Fill to the upper level mark on dipstick
Electrical Equipment	• Check that the main switch functions normally. • Check that the battery electrolyte level and specific gravity are normal. • Check for loose connections on the battery terminal. • Check that the stop switch functions normally and make sure the lock plate is there. • Check cords for loose connections and damage. • Check the spark plugs for dirt, wear and carbon build-up.	Replace Replenish or recharge Retighten Remedy or replace Correct or replace Clean or replace
Throttle System	• Check carburetor linkage is working normally when turning the throttle grip.	Correct
Recoil Starter	• Check the rope for wear and chafing. • Check the ratchet engagement.	Replace Correct or replace
Clutch and Propeller System	• Check that clutch engages correctly when operating the shift lever. • Visually Check propeller for bent or damaged blades. • Check the propeller nut is tightened and the split pin is present.	Adjust Replace
Installation of Motor	• Check all the bolts attaching the motor to the boat. • Check the thrust rod installation.	Tighten
Cooling Water	• Check that cooling water is discharged from the cooling water check port after the engine has started.	Repair
Tools and Spares	• Check that there are tools and spare parts for replacing spark plugs, the propeller, etc. • Check that you have the spare rope.	
Steering Devices	• Check the operation of the steering handle.	Repair
Other parts	• Check if the anode is securely installed. • Check the anode for corrosion and deformation.	Repair if necessary Replace

ENOM00081-D

Oil level checking

If the oil level is low, or too high, the life of the engine will be shortened significantly.

1. Place the engine in a vertical position.
2. Remove the top cowl.
3. Remove the dipstick.
4. Wipe oil off the dipstick with a clean cloth.
5. Insert the dipstick to the hole completely.
6. Remove the dipstick again. Check the oil level on the dipstick. Oil level must be between the upper limit and lower limit shown on the dipstick.
7. Return the dipstick.



1. Filler cap
2. Dipstick



1. Upper limit (Max.)

2. Lower limit (Min.)

ENON00024-0

Note

The oil level should be checked when the engine is cooled.

ENON00025-0

Note

Consult with an authorized dealer if the engine oil is milky color, or appears contaminated.

ENOM00082-A

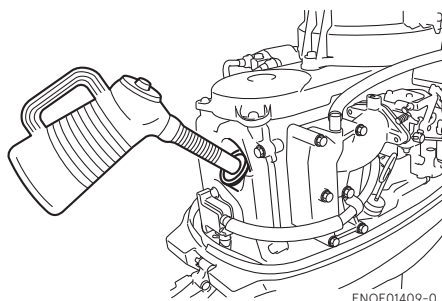
Engine oil replenishing

ENOW00079-A

CAUTION

- Do not add engine oil of brand and grade other than existing one. In case engine oil of other brand or grade is added, drain all oil and ask dealer for treatment.
- In case other than engine oil such as gasoline is put in the oil chamber, empty the chamber and ask dealer for treatment.
- When replenishing engine oil, be careful not to allow entry of foreign matters such as dust and water into oil chamber.
- Wipe off engine oil well immediately if spilled and dispose of it in accordance with local fire prevention and environment protection regulations.
- Do not replenish engine oil over upper limit. If overfilled, remove oil to upper limit. If engine oil is over the upper limit, it can leak potentially leading to engine damage.

If the oil level is low, or at lowest mark, add recommended oil to the middle dipstick mark.



ENOM00083-B

Washing outboard motor

ENOW00081-0

WARNING

Do not start engine without removing propeller, or accidentally turning propeller could cause personal injury.

ENOW00082-0

WARNING

Never start or operate the engine indoors or in any space which is not well ventilated. Exhaust gas contains carbon monoxide, a colorless and odorless gas which can be fatal if inhaled for any length of time.

ENOW00920-0

CAUTION

When washing the outboard motor, be careful not to spray the water inside of the top cowl, especially electrical components.

ENOM00026-0

Note

It is recommended to check chemical properties of water on which your outboard motor is regularly used.

If outboard motor is used in salt water, brackish water or water with a high acidic

level, use fresh water to remove salt, chemicals or mud. And flush cooling water passage after every cruising or before storing outboard motor for long time. Before flushing, remove the propeller and the forward thrust holder.

ENOM00085-A

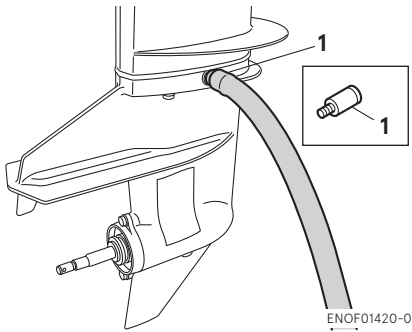
Flushing attachment

ENOW00922-0

CAUTION

To prevent the engine from starting when you are near the propeller, remove the stop switch lock.

1. Tilt down the outboard motor.
2. Remove the water plug from the gear case, and screw in the flushing attachment.
3. Connect a water hose. Turn on the water and adjust the flow (Be sure to seal the water inlet, located in the gear case with tape).
4. Put the shift lever in the neutral position and start the engine.
Continue flushing the outboard motor for 3 to 5 minutes at idling.
5. Stop the engine and water supply.
Remove the flushing attachment and tape. After the flushing, be sure to reattach the water plug.



1. Flushing attachment (option)

ENOM00085-A

Flushing by test tank

ENOW00081-0

! WARNING

Do not start engine without removing propeller, or accidentally turning propeller could cause personal injury.

ENOW00082-0

! WARNING

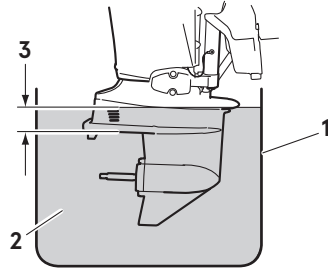
Never start or operate the engine indoors or in any space which is not well ventilated. Exhaust gas contains carbon monoxide, a colorless and odorless gas which can be fatal if inhaled for any length of time.

ENOW00036-A

! CAUTION

When the engine is started in the test tank, to avoid over heating and water pump damage, be sure the water level is at least 10 cm (4 in.) above the anti ventilation plate. And be sure to remove the propeller, when starting the engine in the test tank. (See page 72)

Run the engine only at idling.



ENOF00863-0

1. Test tank
2. Water
3. Over 10 cm (4 in.)

ENOM00950-0

Fuse replacement (For electrical starter type)

ENOW00923-0

! CAUTION

Before replacing a fuse, disconnect the battery cable from the battery negative (-) terminal. Failure to do so may cause a short-circuit.

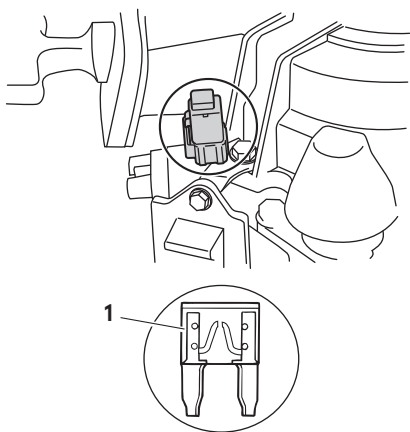
ENOW00924-0

! CAUTION

Never use a fuse with a rating that exceeds the specified rating as this could cause serious damage to the electrical system.

If a blown fuse is detected, try to determine the cause for this and correct it. If the cause for the problem is not corrected, the fuse will likely blow again. If the fuse continues to blow, request an authorized Tohatsu dealer to inspect the outboard motor.

1. Stop the engine and disconnect the battery cable from the battery negative (-) terminal.
2. Remove the engine cover.
3. Remove the fuse box lid.
4. Remove the fuse and check it. If the fuse is blown, replace it with a fuse of the same specified rating. The out-board motor is supplied with spare fuses in the spare fuse holder.



ENOF01421-0

1. Blown fuse

ENOM00555-A

2. Periodic Inspection

It is important to inspect and maintain your outboard motor regularly. At each interval on the chart below, be sure to perform the indicated servicing.

Maintenance intervals should be determined according to the number of hours or number of months, whichever comes first.

Description		Inspection intervals				Inspection procedure	Remarks
		First 20 hours of 1 month	Every 50 hours of 3 months	Every 100 hours of 6 months	Every 200 hours of 1 year		
Fuel System	Carburetor ^{*1}			●	●	Dismantle, clean, and adjust.	
	Fuel filter	●	●	●	●	Check and replace if necessary.	Replace entire fuel filter
	Piping/Hoses ^{*2}	●	●	●	●	Check and replace if necessary.	
	Fuel tank ^{*2}	●		●	●	Check leakage Clean and eliminate water from the tank	
Ignition	Spark plug	●		●	●	Check gaps. Remove carbon deposits or replace if necessary.	Gap: 0.80-0.9mm (0.031-0.035 in)
Starting System	Starter rope	●	●	●	●	Check for wear or chafing	
	Starter Motor ^{*1}			●	●	Check for salt deposits and the battery cable condition.	
	Battery	●	●	●	●	Check instlation, fluid level and gravity.	
Engine	Engine oil	● Replace		● Replace	● Replace	Replace	Approx. 800ml (27 fl.oz)
	Oil strainer ^{*1}				●	Check and clean	
	Valve Clearance ^{*1}	●			●	Check and adjust.	IN : 0.13-0.17mm (0.0051-0.0067 in) EX : 0.18-0.22mm (0.0071-0.0087 in)
	Timing Belt ^{*1}			●	●	Check and Replace if necessary.	
	Compression pressure ^{*1}			●		Check	
	Anode			●	●	Check for corrosion and deformation	
	Thermostat ^{*1}				●	Check and replace if necessary	
Lower Unit	Propeller	●	●	●	●	Check for bent blades, damage, wear.	
	Gear oil	● Replace	●	● Replace	● Replace	Replace or replenish-oil and check for water contamination.	Approx. 320ml (10.8 fl.oz)
	Anode		●	●	●	Check and clean.	
	Water strainer	●	●	●	●	Check for wear or damage.	
	Water pump impeller ^{*1}				●	Check for wear or damage.	
Bolts and Nuts		●	●		●	Retighten	
Throttle Wire				●	●	Check and adjustment	
Remote Control Cable			●	●	●	Check and adjustment	
Sliding and Rotating Parts. Greasing Point		●	●	●	●	Check and apply grease	

*1: "●" Have this handled by your dealer.

*2: In USA, you have to use EPA approved parts (See pages 34).

ENON00030-0

Note

Your outboard motor should receive careful, and complete inspection at 300 hours. This is the best time for major maintenance procedures to be carried out.

ENOM00091-C

Engine oil replacement

ENOW00091-0

⚠ CAUTION

You may be injured due to high engine temperatures if you fill engine oil just after stopping. Changing engine oil should be done after the engine has been cooled.

ENOW00092-A

⚠ CAUTION

- Do not overfill engine oil, or engine oil could leak and/or engine could be damaged. If engine oil level is over upper limit marks of oil gauge, drain oil to level lower than upper limit.
- Be sure that outboard motor is in upright and level position when checking or changing oil.
- Stop engine immediately if low oil pressure warning lamp is lit or oil leak is found, or engine could be severely damaged. Consult dealer.
- Wipe off engine oil well immediately if spilled and dispose of it in accordance with local fire prevention and environment protection regulations.

ENOW00090-0

⚠ CAUTION

Use of engine oils that do not meet these requirements will result in reduced engine life, and other engine problems.

ENOW00933-0

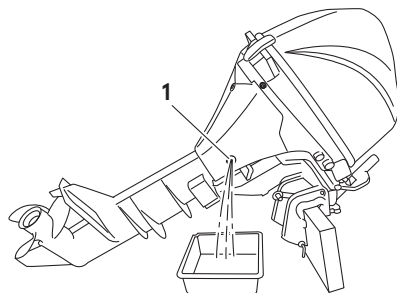
⚠ CAUTION

Engine oil mixed with dust or water will dramatically shorten the life of the engine.

To change engine oil:

Be sure to use recommended engine oil.

1. Stop the engine and allow it to cool.
2. Tilt up the outboard motor and lock the tilt with the tilt stopper.
3. Turn the steering on the outboard motor so that the drain hole is facing downward.
4. Put a oil drain pan under the oil drain screw.
5. Remove the oil drain screw and completely drain oil from the engine.



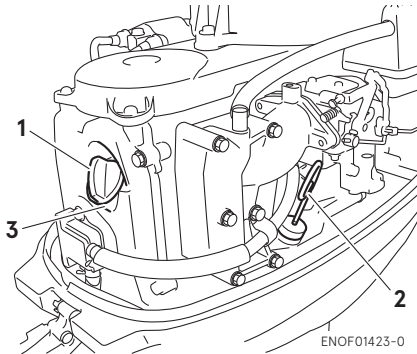
ENOF01422-1

1. Drain hole
6. Tighten the oil drain screw with applying oil on the sealing surface of screw. (Use new oil drain washer)

Oil drain screw specified torque

24N·m (17 ft·lb, 2.4 kgf·m)

7. Reset the engine in a vertical position.
8. Repeat 2 to 7 procedures two or three times to drain the oil completely.
9. Remove the top cowl and the oil filler cap.
10. Fill the engine through filler port with recommended oil to the middle of dipstick mark.
11. Tighten the oil filler cap.



1. Filler cap
2. Dipstick
3. Filler port



1. Upper limit (Max.)
2. Lower limit (Min.)

ENON00920-0

Note

Use only recommended engine oil (See page 30)

Oil volume needed for complete oil replacement

Approximately 800 mL(27 fl.oz.)

ENOW00925-0

⚠ CAUTION

Wipe off engine oil well immediately if spilled and dispose of it in accordance with local fire prevention and environment protection regulations.

ENON00031-0

Note

- If any amount of water is found in engine oil, making it milky white, consult dealer.
- If engine oil is contaminated with fuel, emitting strong fuel smell, consult dealer.
- Some oil dilution is normal if engine is idled or trolled for long periods, especially in cooler water temperatures.

ENOM00093-A

Fuel filters and fuel tank cleaning

ENOW00093-A

⚠ WARNING

Gasoline and its vapors are very flammable and can be explosive.

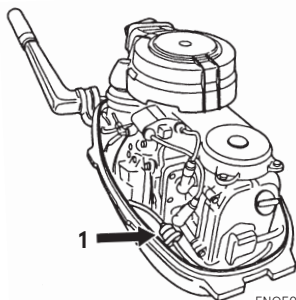
- Do not start this procedure while engine is operating or hot even after stopping it.
- Place fuel filter away from every source of ignition such as sparks or open flames.
- Wipe off gasoline well immediately if spilled and dispose of it in accordance with local fire prevention and environment protection regulations.
- Install fuel filter with all related parts in place, or fuel leak could occur, leading to catching fire or explosion.
- Check fuel system regularly for leakage.
- Contact authorized dealer for fuel system services. Services by unqualified person could lead to engine damage.

Fuel filters are provided inside the fuel tank and engine.

ENOM00094-0

Fuel filter (for engine)

1. Replace the fuel filter provided inside of engine cover if there is water or dirt inside.



ENOF00560-0

1. Fuel filter

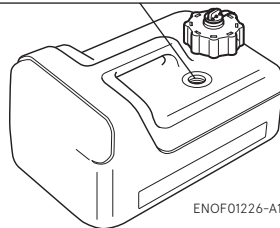
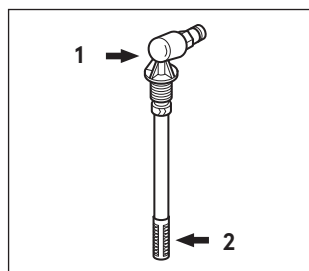
ENOM00096-A

Fuel filter (for fuel tank)

Water or dirt in the fuel tank will cause engine performance problems.

Check and clean the tank at specified times or after the outboard motor has been stored for a long period of time (over three months).

1. Remove the fuel pickup elbow of the fuel tank by turning it counterclockwise
2. Clean the fuel filter and check the O-ring. Replace it if necessary.
3. Reassemble all parts.



ENOF01226-A1

1. Fuel pick-up
2. Filter

ENOM00098-A

Gear oil replacement

ENOW00094-0

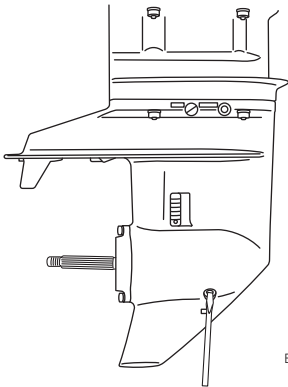
⚠ WARNING

- Be sure that outboard motor is secured to transom or service stand, or accidental

drop or fall of outboard motor could lead to severe personal injury.

- Be sure to lock outboard motor if it is tilted up, or accidental fall of outboard motor could lead to severe personal injury.
- Do not go under outboard motor tilted up and locked, or accidental fall of outboard motor could lead to severe personal injury.

1. Tilt down the outboard motor.
2. Remove the oil plugs (lower and upper), and completely drain the gear oil into a pan.



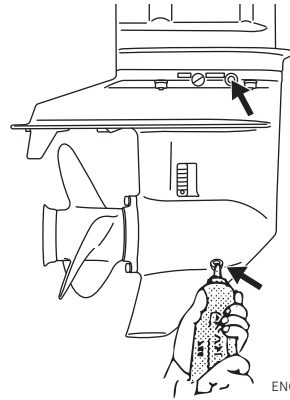
ENOF01424-0

3. Insert the oil tube nozzle into the lower oil plug hole, and fill with gear oil by squeezing the oil tube until oil flows out of the upper plug hole and bubbles disappear to remove the air.

ENON00033-0

Note

Use genuine gear oil or the recommended one (API GL-5: SAE #80 to #90).
Required volume: approx. 320 mL (10.8 fl.oz.).



ENOF01430-0

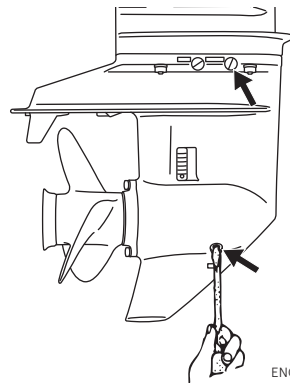
4. Install the upper oil plug, and then remove oil tube nozzle and install the lower oil plug.

Oil plug specified tightening torque
4N·m (3 ft·lb, 0.4 kgf·m)

ENOW00095-0

CAUTION

Do not reuse oil plug gasket. Always use new gasket and tighten oil plug properly to prevent entry of water into lower unit.



ENOF01431-0

ENOW00928-0

CAUTION

Wipe off gear oil well immediately if spilled and dispose of it in accordance with local fire prevention and environment protection regulations.

ENOM00032-0

Note

If water in the oil, giving it a milky colored appearance. Contact your dealer.

ENOM00086-A

Propeller replacement

ENOW00084-0

WARNING

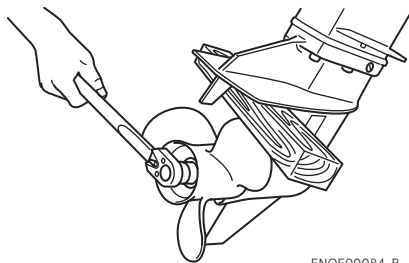
- Do not begin propeller removal and installation procedure with spark plug caps attached, shift in forward or reverse, main switch at other than "OFF", engine stop switch lock attached to the switch, and starter key attached, or engine could accidentally start leading to serious personal injury. Disconnect battery cable if possible.
- The propeller edge is thin and sharp. Wear the grooves during replacement to protect your hands.

CAUTION

- Do not install propeller without thrust holder, or propeller boss could be damaged.
- Do not reuse split pin.
- After installing split pin, spread the pin apart to prevent it from falling out which could lead to the propeller coming off during operation.

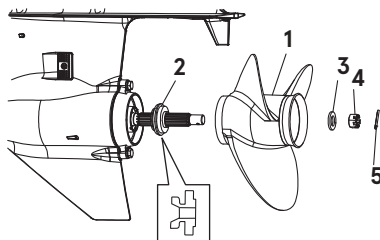
A worn-out or bent propeller will lower the motor's performance, and cause engine trouble.

1. Put a piece of wood block between propeller blade and anti-ventilation plate to hold propeller.



ENOF00084-B

2. Remove the split pin, propeller nut and washer.
3. Remove the propeller and thrust holder.
4. Apply water proof grease to the propeller shaft before installing a new propeller.
5. Install the thrust holder, propeller, stopper, washer and propeller nut onto the shaft.



ENOF01432-0

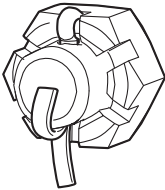
1. Propeller
2. Thrust holder
3. Washer
4. Propeller nut
5. Split pin

6. Tighten the propeller nut to specified torque, and align one of grooves to propeller shaft hole.

Propeller nut torque:

12 N·m (9 ft·lb, 1.2kgf·m)

7. Install a new split pin into the nut hole and bend it.



ENOF00084-E

ENOM00087-A

Spark plugs replacement

ENOW00087-0

WARNING

- Do not reuse spark plug with damaged insulation, or sparks can leak through crack, potentially leading to electric shock, explosion and/or fire.
- Do not touch spark plugs immediately after stopping engine as they will be hot and could cause severe burns if touched. Allow motor to cool down first.

ENOW00929-0

CAUTION

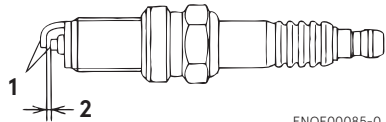
Use only the recommended spark plugs. Spark plugs which have an different heat range may cause engine damage.

If the spark plug(s) is fouled, has carbon build up, or is worn, it should be replaced.

When reusing spark plugs, remove dirt from the electrodes and adjust spark gap

to specification.

1. Stop the engine.
2. Remove the top cowl.
3. Remove the spark plug caps.
4. Remove the spark plugs by turning it counter-clockwise, using a 5/8" (16 mm) socket wrench and handle that is provided in tool bag.
5. Inspect the spark plug. Replace the spark plug if the electrodes are worn or if the insulators are cracked or chipped.
6. Measure the spark plug electrode gap with a wire type feeler gauge. The gap should be 0.8-0.9 mm (0.031-0.035 inches). If the gap is different, replace the spark plug with a new one. Use spark plug NGK DCPR-6E.



ENOF00085-0

1. Electrode
2. Spark gap (0.8-0.9 mm, 0.031-0.035 in)

7. Install the spark plug by hand and turn it carefully to avoid cross-threading.
8. Tighten the spark plug to the specified torque.

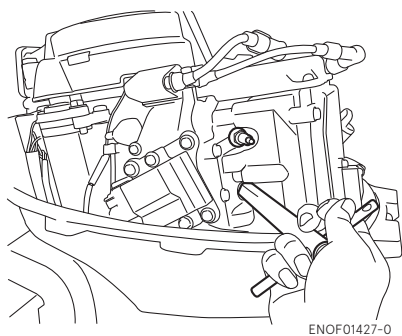
ENON00028-0

Note

- **Spark plug torque:**
18.0 N·m (13.3 ft·lb) [1.84 kgf·m]

If a torque-wrench is not available when you are fitting a spark plug, a good estimate of the correct torque is 1/4 to 1/2 a turn past finger-tight. Have the spark plug

adjusted to the correct torque as soon as possible with a torque-wrench.



ENOF01427-0

ENOM00088-A

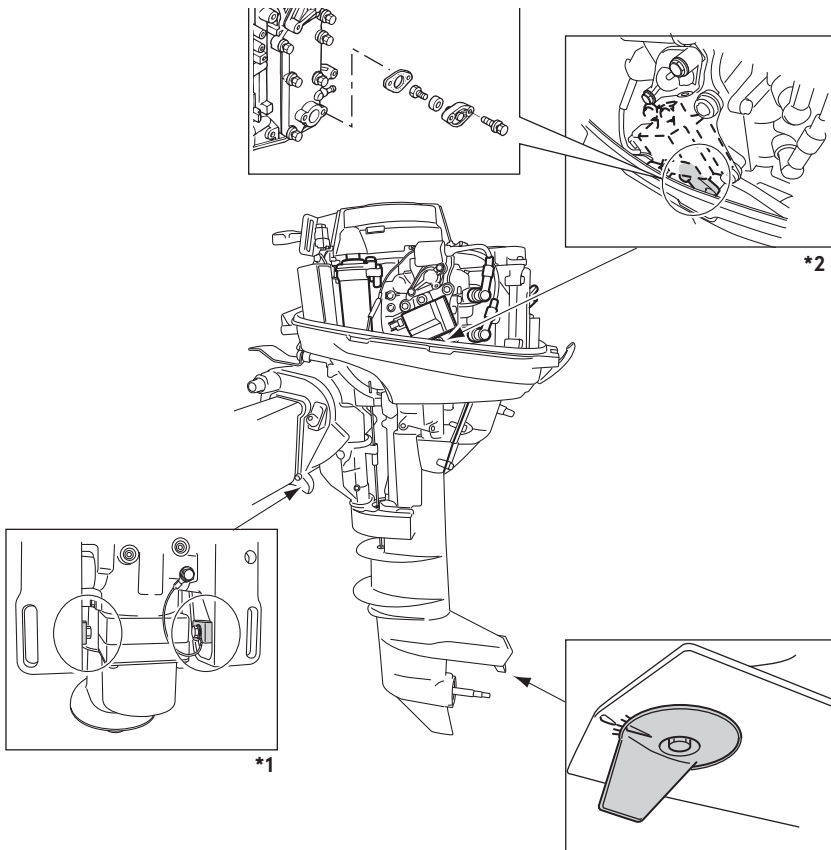
Anode replacement

A sacrificial anode protects the outboard motor from electrolytic corrosion. Anode is located on the gear case, cylinder etc.. When the anode is eroded more than 1/3 of original size, replace it.

ENON00029-0

Notes

- Never grease or paint the anode.
- At each inspection re-tighten the anode attaching bolt. As it is likely to be subjected to electrolytic corrosion.



ENOF01428-0

*1 : Only for Power tilt model

*2 : Remove CD unit to access the anode.

ENOM00089-B

Power Tilt oil checking

ENOW00088-0

⚠ WARNING

- Be sure that outboard motor is secured to transom or service stand, or accidental drop or fall of outboard motor could lead to severe personal injury.
- Be sure to lock outboard motor if it is tilted up, or accidental fall of outboard motor could lead to severe personal injury.
- Do not go under outboard motor tilted up and locked, or accidental fall of outboard motor could lead to severe personal injury.

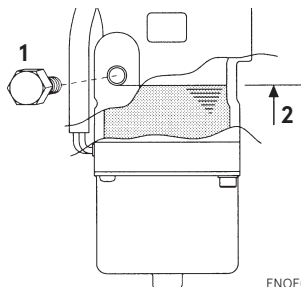
ENOW00089-A

⚠ CAUTION

Do not unscrew the oil cap with the outboard motor tilted down. Pressurized oil in the oil tank may spurt out.

Check the oil level in the reservoir tank while the tank is kept in a vertical position.

1. Tilt the outboard motor up and lock the tilt with the tilt stopper.
2. Remove the oil cap by turning counter clockwise, then check if the oil level reaches the bottom line of the plug hole.



ENOF00558-0

1. Oil cap
2. Oil level

Recommended oil

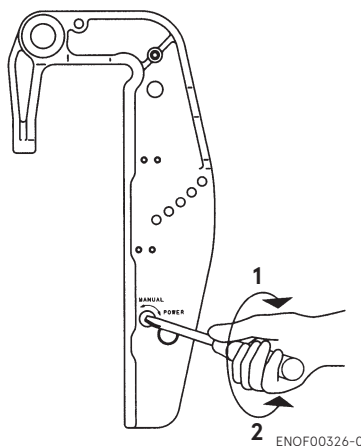
Use an automatic transmission fluid or equivalent.

Recommended oils are as shown below.

ATF Dexron III**Air purging from the Power Trim and Tilt unit.**

Entrapped air in the Power Tilt unit will cause poor tilting movement and increased noise.

1. With the outboard motor mounted on the boat, set the manual release valve to the Manual side, and tilt the outboard motor manually up/down 5-6 times while checking the oil level.
2. When done, close the valve by turning it clockwise towards the Power side.



ENOF00326-0

1. POWER
2. MANUAL

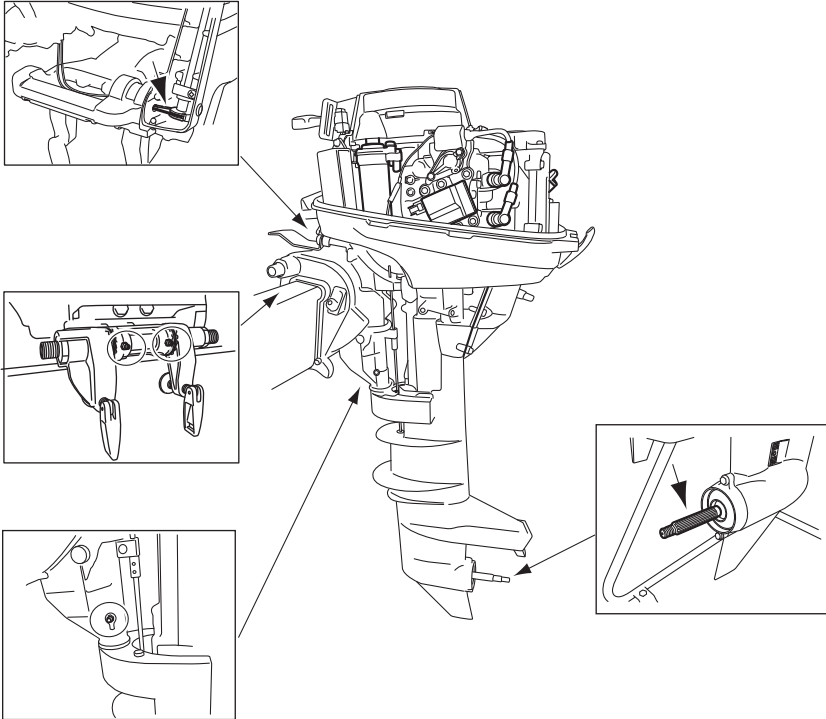
Manual relief valve specified tightening torque

2 N·m (1.5 ft·lb, 0.2 kgf·m)

ENOM00960-0

Grease point

Apply water proof grease to the parts shown below.



ENOM00100-A

3. Off-season storage

ENOW00934-0

WARNING

- Be sure to disconnect fuel connector except when operating engine.
- Fuel leakage is a fire or explosion hazard, which can cause serious injury or death.

ENOW00097-0

WARNING

Be sure to use cloth to remove fuel remaining in the cowl and dispose of it in accordance with local fire prevention and environment protection regulations.

ENOW00096-0

CAUTION

Before servicing the motor for storage:

- Remove the battery cables.
- Remove the spark plug caps from the spark plugs.
- Do not run the motor out of the water.

Before you put your outboard motor in storage, it is a good opportunity to have it serviced and prepared by your dealer.

Be sure to use fuel stabilizer while running the motor before storage. (See page 79)

ENOM00101-A

Engine

1. Wash the engine exterior and flush the cooling water system thoroughly with fresh water. Drain the water completely.
Wipe off any surface water with an oily rag.

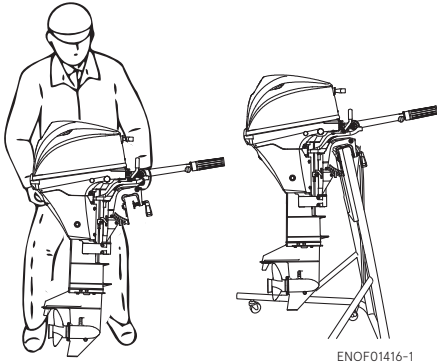
2. Remove the fuel hose from the outboard motor.
3. Drain all fuel from the fuel hoses, fuel pump and carburetor (See page 80), and clean these parts.
Keep in mind that if gasoline is kept in the carburetor for a long time, gum and varnish will develop, causing the float valve to stick, restricting the fuel flow.
4. Remove the spark plugs and put a teaspoon of engine oil or spray storage oil into the combustion chamber through the spark plug holes.
5. Turn the starter motor several turns to lubricate inside the cylinder.

ENOW00930-0

WARNING

- Be sure to remove stop switch lock to prevent ignited the spark plugs.
 - Put a cloth to spark plug hole and wipe up any spilled engine oil, when cranking the outboard motor.
6. Change the engine oil (See page 68).
 7. Change the gear oil in the gear case (See page 70).
 8. Apply grease to grease point (See page 77).

9. Stand the outboard motor up vertically in a dry place.



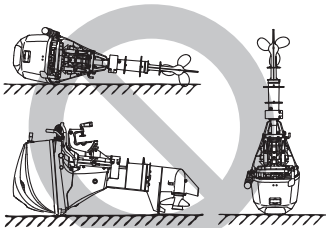
ENOF01416-1

ENOW00066-D

⚠ CAUTION

Do not carry or store outboard motor in any of positions described below.

Otherwise, engine oil or cooling water may enter the cylinder cause engine problems. Property damage could result from leaking oil out.



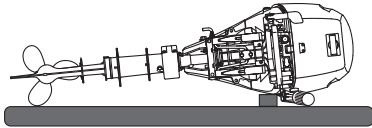
ENOF01414-1

ENON00021-2

Note

- If the outboard motor must be laid down, be sure to drain the remaining fuel in the fuel line and carburetor (see page 80). When lay down the outboard motor, place port-side down on a cushion or any softer surface shown below.

- Elevate power unit 2 inches to 4 inches if traveling to avoid oil spillage.



ENOF01415-0

ENOM00950-0

Adding a fuel stabilizer

When adding a fuel stabilizer additive (commercially available), first fill the fuel tank with fresh fuel. If the fuel tank is only partially filled, air in the tank can cause the fuel to deteriorate during storage.

1. Before adding fuel stabilizer additive, drain the carburetor (See page 80).
2. Follow the instructions on the label when adding the fuel stabilizer additive.
3. After adding the additive, let the outboard motor run in the water for 10 minutes to make sure any old fuel in the fuel system has been completely replaced by the fuel with additive.
4. Turn the engine OFF

ENON00891-0

Note

If your motor is used occasionally, it is recommended to use a good fuel stabilizer in every tank of fuel and keep the container full to reduce condensation and evaporation.

ENOM00970-0

Fuel system draining

ENOW00028-A

⚠ WARNING

For details on handling fuel, contact an authorized dealer.

Fuel and fuel vapors are extremely flammable and can be explosive.

- If fuel is spilled, wipe it up immediately.
- Keep the fuel tank well away from sources of ignition, e.g. sparks or open flames
- Perform all work outdoors or in a well ventilated place.

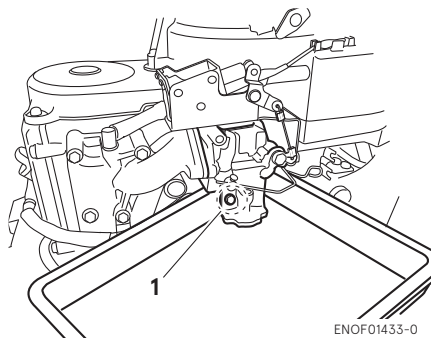
ENOW00097-0

⚠ WARNING

Be sure to use cloth to remove fuel remaining in the cowl and dispose of it in accordance with local fire prevention and environment protection regulations.

1. Disconnect the fuel hose from the outboard motor.
2. Remove the top cowl.
3. Place an approved fuel container under the drain screw and use a funnel to avoid spilling fuel.
4. Loosen the carburetor drain screw.
5. Tilt up the outboard motor until fuel flows out of the drain hole.
6. Leave the outboard motor in this position until all fuel has been drained.
7. When thoroughly drained, retighten the drain screw securely.

8. Check the drained fuel for the presence of water or other contaminants. If either is present, reassemble the outboard motor, refill the carburetor with fuel, and then drain the fuel again. Repeat this procedure until no water or other contaminants are present in the drained fuel.



1. Carburetor drain screw

ENOM00102-0

Battery

ENOW00931-A

⚠ WARNING

- Place the battery away from any source of fire, sparks and open flames such as burners or welding equipment.
- Place the battery away from fuel tank. Accidental sparks of battery may cause explosion of gasoline.

1. Disconnect the battery cables and be sure to remove the negative terminal first.
2. Wipe off any chemical deposits, dirt, or grease.
3. Apply grease to the battery terminals.
4. Charge the battery completely before storing it for the winter.

5. Recharge the battery once a month to prevent it from discharging and the electrolyte from deteriorating.
6. Store the battery in a dry place.

ENOM00104-A

4. Pre-season check

The following steps must be taken when first using the engine after off-season storage.

1. Check that the shift and throttle function properly. (Be sure to turn the propeller shaft when checking the shift function or else the shift linkage may be damaged.)
2. Check the electrolyte level, and measure the voltage and specific gravity of the battery.

Specific Gravity at 20°C	Terminal Voltage (V)	Charge Condition
1.120	10.5	Fully discharged
1.160	11.1	1/4 charged
1.210	11.7	1/2 charged
1.250	12	3/4 charged
1.280	13.2	Fully charged

3. Check that the battery is secure and the battery cables are properly installed.
4. Change the engine oil (See page 68).
5. Before starting the engine, disconnect stop switch lock and crank approximately 10 times in order to prime the oil pump.
6. Fill fuel tank completely.
7. Start the engine and warm up the engine for 3 minutes in the "NEUTRAL" position.
8. Run the engine for 5 minutes at the slowest speed.

9. Run the engine for 10 minutes at half throttle. The oil used for storage inside the engine will be circulated out to assure optimum performance.

ENOM00105-A

5. Submerged outboard motor

ENOW00098-0



Do not attempt to start submerged outboard motor immediately after it is recovered, or engine could be severely damaged.

After taking your outboard motor out of the water, immediately take it to your dealer.

The following are the emergency measures to be taken for a submerged outboard motor, if you can not take it your dealer right away.

1. Wash the outboard motor with fresh water to remove salt or dirt.
2. Remove the engine oil drain screw and completely drain water and oil from the engine.
3. Remove the spark plugs, and completely drain the water from the engine by pulling recoil starter several times.
Replace oil filter and oil to the correct level.
The oil and filter may need to be changed again after running a short period to get all moisture completely out of the crankcase.
4. Inject a sufficient amount of engine oil through the spark plug holes.
Pull the recoil starter rope several times to circulate the oil throughout the outboard motor.

ENOM00106-A

6. Cold weather precautions

If you moor your boat in cold weather at temperatures below 0°C (32°F), there is the danger of remained water freezing in the cooling water pump, which may damage the pump, impeller, etc. To avoid this problem, submerge the lower half of the outboard motor into the water.

ENOM00107-A

7. Striking underwater object

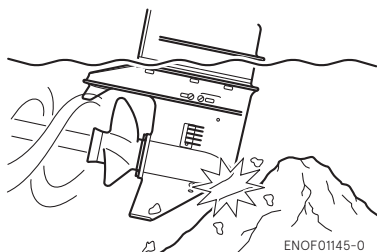
ENOW00935-0

CAUTION

Striking the sea bottom or an underwater object may severely damage the outboard motor.

Follow the procedure below and consult a dealer as soon as possible.

1. Stop the engine immediately.
2. Check the control system, gear case, boat transom etc.
3. Return to the nearest harbor slowly and carefully.
4. Consult a dealer check the outboard motor before operation again.



ENOM00120-2

8. Auxiliary outboard motor operation

When the auxiliary outboard motor is not in operation, be sure to remove the stop switch lock, shift into forward, and then tilt the outboard motor up. Otherwise, over-rotation of the propeller due to water spray and water ingestion that could cause damage to the outboard motor.

TROUBLESHOOTING

ENOM00561-0

If you encounter a problem, consult the check list below to determine the cause and to take the proper action.

An authorized dealer will always be happy to provide any assistance and information.

	Engine failing to start	Engine starting but stopping soon	Poor idling	Poor acceleration	Engine speed abnormally high	Engine speed abnormally low	Boat speed low	Overheating of engine	Warning lamp ON	Power tilt inoperative	Possible cause
FUEL SYSTEM	●	●									Empty fuel tank
	●	●	●	●		●	●	●			Incorrect connection of fuel system
	●	●	●	●		●	●	●			Air entering fuel line
	●	●	●	●		●	●	●			Deformed or damaged fuel hose
	●	●	●	●		●	●	●			Closed air vent on fuel tank
	●	●	●	●		●	●	●			Clogged fuel filter, fuel pump, or carburetor
			●	●		●	●	●			Use of improper engine oil
	●	●	●	●			●	●			Use of improper gasoline
	●	●	●	●							Excessive supply of fuel
	●	●	●	●		●	●	●			Poor carburetor adjustment
ELECTRICAL SYSTEM	●	●	●	●		●	●	●			Spark plug other than specified
	●	●	●	●		●	●				Dirt, soot, etc. on spark plug
						●			●		Faulty oil pressure switch
	●	●	●	●		●	●				No Spark or weak spark
	●										Short circuit of engine stop switch
	●		●	●			●	●			Ignition timing incorrect
	●									●	Lock plate not fitted
	●									●	Disconnection of wire or loose ground connection
	●										Blown 20 Amp fuse in the starting circuit
	●										Not shifted to neutral position
	●									●	Weak battery or battery connections are loose or corroded
	●									●	Ignition key switch failure
	●									●	Wiring or electrical connection faulty
	●										Starter motor or starter solenoid failure

											Possible cause
		Engine failing to start	Engine starting but stopping soon	Poor idling	Poor acceleration	Engine speed abnormally high	Engine speed abnormally low	Boat speed low	Overheating of engine	Warning lamp ON	Power tilt inoperative
COMPRESSION & OIL SYSTEM		●	●	●			●	●			Low compression
				●					●		Carbon deposits in the combustion chamber
					●			●			Incorrect valve clearance
ENGINE OIL SYSTEM									●		Low oil pressure/level
							●		●	●	Low oil level
									●	●	Use of improper oil
							●		●	●	Oil deterioration
							●		●	●	Clogged oil strainer
OTHERS		●		●	●		●	●			Incorrect adjustment of throttle link
								●	●		Insufficient cooling water flow, clogged or defective pump
				●				●	●		Faulty thermostat
					●	●		●	●		Cavitation or ventilation
					●	●	●	●	●		Incorrect propeller selection
				●	●	●	●	●	●		Damaged or bent propeller
					●	●		●	●		Improper thrust rod position
					●	●	●	●	●		Unbalanced load on boat
					●	●	●	●	●		Transom too high or too low

ACCESSORIES KIT

ENOM00562-1

The followings are a list of the tools and spare parts provided with the motor.

Items		Quantity	Remark
Service tools	Tool bag	1	
	Pliers	1	
	Socket wrench	1	10 × 13 mm
	Socket wrench	1	16 mm (spark plug)
	Socket wrench handle	1	
	Screwdrivers	1	Cross-and straight-point
	Screwdriver handle	1	
Spare parts	Emergency starter rope	1	
	Spark plug	1	NGK: DCPR6E
	Split pin	1	
	Stop switch lock	1	
Parts Packaged with Engine	Fuel tank	1	12 L
	Primer bulb	1 set	
	Remote control box	1 set	EP/EPT only
	Harness sleeve	1	EP only 12-90 mm (Tool bag)
	Bolt	4	M8 x 85 mm EPT
	Nylon locking nut	4	8 mm EPT
	Washer	8	8 mm EPT
	Bolt	2	M8 x 85 mm EP/EFT
	Nylon locking nut	2	8 mm EP/EFT
	Washer	4	8 mm EP/EFT
	Cable joint set	1	EP/EPT
	Cable joint	2	EP/EPT
	Washer	2	8.5-18-1.6 EP/EPT
	Snap pin	2	EP/EPT
Booklet	Owner's manual	1	

PROPELLER TABLE

ENOM00111-0

Use a genuine propeller.

A propeller must be selected so that the engine RPM measured at wide open throttle while cruising is within the recommended range.

5000–6000 min⁻¹ (rpm)

	Propeller Mark	Propeller Size (Diameter × pitch)		
		No. of Blades	in.	mm
Light boats Heavy boats	9.5	3	8.9 × 10	226 × 255
	8.5	3	8.9 × 8.3	226 × 211
	7.5	3	8.5 × 7.5	216 × 190
	7.0	3	8.9 × 7.0	226 × 178
	6.5	3	8.5 × 6.5	216 × 165

	Propeller Mark	Propeller Size (Diameter × pitch)		
		No. of Blades	in.	mm
Light boats Heavy boats	7.0	4	8.7 × 7.0	226 × 178
	5.0	4	8.7 × 5.0	221 × 127

EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM INFORMATION

ENOM01000-0

Emission Sources

Carbon monoxide, oxides of nitrogen and hydrocarbons are produced in the course of the combustion process. Controlling production of oxides of nitrogen and hydrocarbons is very important because they react to form a photochemical smog under certain conditions when subjected to sunlight. Carbon monoxide does not react in the same way, but is a toxic byproduct.

ENOM01001-0

Ignition Timing Control System

To reduce the amount of HC, CO and NOx produced, the ignition timing control system continuously adjusts the ignition timing.

ENOM01003-0

Clean Air Acts of the United States and California, and Environment Canada

EPA, California, and Canadian regulations require all manufacturers to provide written instructions that describe the operation and maintenance of commercial emission control systems.

The following instructions and procedures must be followed in order to keep the emissions from your engine within these emission standards.

ENOM01004-0

Tampering and Modifications

Tampering is a violation of the Federal Laws of the United States and California.

Tampering with or altering the emission control system could cause emissions to increase beyond legal limits. The following acts, although not all inclusive, are considered as tampering:

- Removing or modifying any part of the intake, fuel or exhaust system.
- Modifications that cause the engine to operate outside its design parameters.

ENOM01005-0

Problems that can affect emission

If you notice any of the following symptoms, have your outboard motor inspected and repaired by an authorized Tohatsu service dealer before further use.

- Hard starting or stalling immediately after starting
- Rough idling
- Misfiring/backfiring under load
- Afterburning (backfiring)
- Black exhaust smoke or increased fuel consumption

ENOM01006-0

Replacement Parts

The emission control system in your Tohatsu outboard motor has been designed, built, and certified to conform with the EPA and California emission regulations. Whenever requesting maintenance, use of Tohatsu Genuine parts is highly recommended. Tohatsu Genuine parts constitute replacement parts manufactured to the same high standards as the original parts, thus guaranteeing uninterrupted high performance of your outboard motor. The use of replacement parts other than Tohatsu Genuine parts could jeopardize the effectiveness of the emission control system.

Tohatsu, as a manufacturer of aftermarket parts, assumes the responsibility that replacement parts will not adversely affect emission performance. The manufacturer or rebuilder of the replacements

parts must certify that use of the parts will not result in a failure of the engine to comply with these regulations.

ENOM00033-0

Low permeation fuel hose requirement**EQUIPPED FOR UNITED STATES AND CANADA MODEL**

Required for outboards manufactured for sale, sold, or offered for sale in the United States.

- TOHATSU engine has used fuel hoses for The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) requires from January 1, 2011.

ENOM00034-A

EPA pressurized portable fuel tank requirements

EQUIPPED FOR UNITED STATES AND CANADA MODEL

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) required portable fuel systems that are produced after January 1, 2011 for use with outboard engines to remain fully sealed (pressurized) up to 34.4 kPa (5.0 psi). These tanks may contain the following:

- An air inlet that opens to allow air to enter as the fuel is drawn out of the tank.
- An air outlet that opens (vents) to the atmosphere if pressure exceeds 34.4 kPa (5.0 psi). A hissing noise may be heard as the tank vents to the atmosphere. This is normal.
- When installing the fuel tank cap, turn the cap to the right until you hear two clicks. This signals that the fuel cap is fully seated. A built-in device prevents overtightening.
- The fuel tank has a manual vent screw which should be closed for transportation and full open for operation and cap removal.

Since sealed fuel tanks are not openly vented, they will expand and contract as the fuel expands and contracts during heating and cooling cycles of the outside air. This is normal.

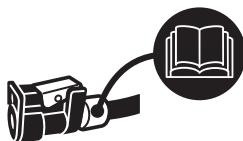
ENOM00036-0

EPA approval Primer bulb/hose assembly

EQUIPPED FOR UNITED STATES AND CANADA MODEL

TOHATSU adopts Primer bulb/hose assembly approved by the Environment Protection Agency (EPA).

Please use the EPA approved primer bulb/hose assembly with the identification mark on the fuel connector.

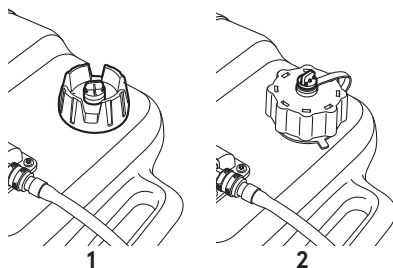


ENOF00111-0

ENOW00021-0

CAUTION

Be sure to use EPA approved tank and EPA approved primer bulb/hose assembly as a set. Confirm shapes of EPA approved tank and regular tank.



ENOF00024-1

1. Except for U.S. model (regular tank)
2. For U.S. and Canada model (EPA approved tank)

ENOM01007-0

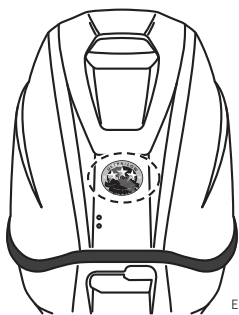
Maintenance

Follow the maintenance schedule presented on page 70. Keep in mind that this schedule is based on the assumption that the outboard motor will only be used for its intended purpose. Operation under sustained high loads or other unusual conditions will require more frequent service.

ENOM01008-0

Star label

This outboard motor is labeled with the California Air Resources Board (CARB) star label. A description of this label is presented below.



ENOF01000-0



ENOF01001-0

ENOM01009-0

One Star-Low Emission

One Star- Low emission The one-star

label identifies engines that meet the Air Resources Board's Personal Watercraft and Outboard marine engine 2001 exhaust emission standards.

Engines meeting these standards have 75% lower emissions than conventional carbureted two-stroke engines.

These engines are equivalent to the U.S. EPA's 2006 standards for marine engines.



ENOF01002-0

ENOM01010-0

Two Stars-Very Low Emission

The two-star label identifies engines that meet the Air Resources Board's Personal Watercraft and Outboard marine engine 2004 exhaust emission standards.

Engines meeting these standards have 20% lower emissions than One Star-Low Emission engines.



ENOF01003-0

ENOM01011-0

Three Stars-Ultra Low Emission

The three-star label identifies engines that meet the Air Resources Board's Personal

Watercraft and Outboard marine engine 2008 exhaust emission standards or the

Sterndrive and Inboard marine engine 2003-2008 exhaust emission standards. Engines meeting these standards have 65% lower emissions than One Star-Low Emission engines.



ENOM01012-0

Four Stars-Super Ultra Low Emission

The four-star label identifies engines that meet the Air Resources Board's Stern-drive and Inboard marine engine 2009 exhaust emission standards.

Personal Watercraft and Outboard marine engines may also comply with these standards.

Engines meeting these standards have 90% lower emissions than One Star-Low Emission engines.

[illegible]

[illegible]

OWNER'S MANUAL

MFS 8B
MFS 9.8B

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